Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

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EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

SENATOR MAHONE has voted with the Republicans, and Senator Davis peers over from the Democratic side of the fence and winks a cross-eyed wunk.

BARNUM will come forward presently with a theory that Chairman Jewell dropped a nitro-glycerine bomb, large size, under the feet of the ate H. L. Morey.

THE Democratic big guns of New York are exerting themselves to find out what caused the Gramercy Park Statesman to absent himself from the Hancock banquet given by the Manhatten club. There is probably only one man in this country who knows what the trouble is, and his name is Sammy Tilden.

WHERE were Thurman, Headricks Wallace, Bayard, Seymour and Robinson that they did not join the Hancock banquet. Was no one of them invited? No party can have harmony or can hope for success which neglects its sages in this wholesale manner. It is a pretty shabby sort of a wake which does not include the chief mourners.

THE directors of the Doylestown National Bank, not having participated in the rush to withdraw circulation, are chuckling quietly over the fact that they are drawing interest on their bonds while their neighbors of Easton and Allentown are biting their finger nails while waiting for a restitution to their old status. For once the county seat of Bucks has the laugh on its more ambitious sister communities. A little long-headed conservatism is sometimes a useful instinct.

SENATOR GORDON assures the New York Democrats that if they will unite among themselves and stand firmly by their principles, the Solid South will join them, and "thus we may yet together save the institutions of our common country." Just what peril is hanging over the "institutions of our common country" at this moment he does not specify, but since Congress adjourned nothing of the kind is apparent to anyone else. The country itself has decided several times that it takes little stock in the Democratic plan of salvation by absorption.

CONGRESSMAN BRAGG whose radical and un-Democratic sentiments anent Southern claims have given his party a good deal of annoyance, says he thinks it is getting to be the general sentiment that war claims are not, after all, anything to be depended upon for a living. He mentions an instance in which he examined a claim and found that the claimant had been a Confederate supply contractor. He found the proof in the Confederate archives; yet in the face of it the claim continued to be pushed. It is easy to see from this frank talk of a Democrat what would have happened in the claim business had a Democratic Administration been chosen. The election of Garfield has discouraged, if it has not ruined it.

GENERAL HANCOCK has conferred a great boon upon his party. Its great want has been a live issue, and he has supplied a pair of very frisky ones. In his able speech on Saturday evening he said: "I shall only say in relation to the political campaign of 1880 that I have no fault to find with the behavior of my friends, and nothing to retract or modify concerning mere acts or words." There was no applause after this remarkable statement, as there should have been. The General not only accepted the Morey forgery as a thing not to be found fault with, but he gave notice that he had nothing to modify in his famous interview on the tariff. This leaves the Democracy with both those issues alive and kicking, and they are platform enough for any party.

The Condition of Russia.

The new Czar has need of the genius of the great Peter with all the practical sharpness superadded which the world's growth in civilization since that day can give him, if he hopes to pull himself and Russia out of the slough. Nihilism is but one of the difficulties which face Alexander though the foremost and the most likely to defeat him, simply because it will be to him, as it was to his father, an undefined, constant, paralizing terror. No man, be he slave or kaiser, can keep a clear head and temperate will, or can be just to others, however stetesman like his ability or pure his intentions who is forced to move from his bed to his breakfast with the fear of poison or a bombshell present with him at every turn.

Besides Nihilism, whose extent and danger are very accurately known to the world, Russia has other difficulties to meet quite as formidable. Her financial condition at the present time is worse, probably, that of any other country in Europe. The deficit in the treasury for 1879 was over $40,000,000, and her credit was such that she found it impossible to procure a loan. The budget for 1881 estimates the revenue for the current year at $19,525,000 less than it was for 1880, and the expenditures at about $15,000,000 more. The whole of this debt is due to military expenses. Her military expenses are enormous, amounting in the last five years to over $905,000,000. This does not include the costly expeditions to Asia. She has gained no pecuniary advantage by any war in that time, and the amount ceded to her by China in the treaty signed two weeks ago would not reimburse her for the military preparations made to threaten the Government at Pekin. In order to fill her empty treasury Russia has increased her import duties in three years 50 per cent. and an addition of 10 per cent. was levied last month, but, according to statements in our latest files, even this levy will prove inadequate to meet the war expenses alone.

Throughout Northern Russia and Steppes, there has been for two years universal suffering both from poverty and desease. The mass of the subjects of the new Czar are not only wretchedly poor, but have just reached that dangerous phase of civilization when they begin to see how poor they are. They have touched the grade of the French peasant in the days of Louis XVI, Before the Czar freed the serfs they were as unlikely to revolt as was Jacques under the Grand Monarque. A little freedom, as well as knowledge. is a dangerous thing to rulers like the Bourbons or Romanoffs. Besides their poverty, which short crops for two summers have rendered extreme, the whole of Middle Russia has been swept as by a besom of destruction for two years by diphtheria, typhoid and other malignant fevers which grow out of starvation. ignorance and filth. From Southern Russia the accounts of famine during the last month were appalling. The supply of food had given out, the heavy falls of snow shut off all communication to many villages, and the people were left literally to starve. The Government did nothing, possibly from want of money, or probably from sheer lack of competency to grapple intelligently with disaster so great and overwhelming. There can be no relief until after the harvest of next summer. Verily the position of Alexander III. is of supreme difficulty, requiring a skill, patriotism and broad sense of justice hardly to be hoped for in a Romanoff.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

GENERAL MCCLELLAN is a philosopher. He has discovered that the existence of the Democratic party is merely a joke. So it is. If Mr. Tilden would grasp this great truth, the world would look brighter to him.

IT may be that Mr. English was not invited to the Manhatten banquet for fear he would send his regrets by telegraph, marked "collect."

An Independent Senator.

The remarkable scene in the United States Senate on Monday of last week, the New York *Tribune* thinks, may be the sign of a new era in National politics. The Democrats persisted in their attempt to force the reorganization of the Senate, in spite of the fact that two vacancies still existed on the Republican side of the Chamber, both of which were certain to be filled before the end of the week. The unfairness of this action consisted in the self-evident fact that the vacancies were special and exceptional, being caused by death and quick transfers of Senators to other places. Senator Mahone was plainly suspected by the Democratic Senators of independent tendencies, which his vote finally disclosed, and by the foolish taunts of Mr. Hill and others he was brought to his feet to defend himself.

This speech was more than a declaration of revolt against the bush-whacking policy of the Democrats respecting the committees. It was an assertion of independence of the Democratic party itself, which has far more than a temporary significance. Mr. Mahone distinctly asserted that he owed the Democracy nothing—a party which had done "so much injury" to his section. He was not there "as a partisan." His remarks abounded with expressions of that disgust with the bull-dozing, ballot-box stuffing Democracy which there seems some reason to hope is not uncommon among the more thoughtful men of the South, though thus far there has been little expression of it in the newspapers, or the political speeches and platforms. Senator Mahone indignantly resented the idea that he was to be bound by the dictates of a Democratic caucus. He was elected by the people of Virginia, every member of the Legislature chosen by the Readjuster party having been instructed during the canvass to vote for him for Senator, and owed no allegiance to the Democratic party as such.

The incident is chiefly important for what it promises. If it means that the despotic discipline of the Democratic party of the South has been shaken at last, that the impatience of sensible men in that section with a party grown great and insolent by fraud and oppression, is beginning to manifest itself courageously, then yesterday was a red-letter day in American politics. Surely neither Senator Mahone nor any one else will be impressed in the least by the silly Democratic cries of "Traitor!" He has done what any one of the thirty-seven Democrats in the Chamber might be proud to have done. He has shown his willingness to vote against an attempt to seize a mean advantage in organizing the United States Senate.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 17, '81.

When Senator Mahone decided to act with the Republicans on party matters, and made his speech announcing this determination in the Senate last Monday, he had weighed the matter well, studied the political situation thoroughly, had acquainted himself perfectly with the needs of his State and section, and knew that within the ranks of the Republican party only could he secure that liberal protection and wise legislation necessary to the proper development of his State.

Though the Senator's action is severely criticized by straightout Democrats, I find that Virginia Readjusters endorse his action unanimously. Senator Mahone deserves great credit for his independent action and determined standpoint.

The Senate is now full with the exception of Senator-elect Frye of Maine whose credentials will arrive to-morrow. The Senate will then proceed to organize the Committees, and by the aid of Senator Mahone's vote, upon a Republican basis.

There seems to be a growing sentiment here that an extra session will be called sometime in May, for the purpose of passing some funding measure, and getting the election committee at work on the Southern contested cases. The proposed extra session troubles the Senate and House employees, all of whom are now Democrats. Washington is a pleasant place in summer, and these fellows don't care to walk just yet. It is also said that Senator Conkling is advocating an extra session strongly, and is making many converts. The most important convert is the President.

President Garfield is evidently becoming weary with the importunities of office-seekers. He has declared emphatically that no appointments shall be made, except to fill vacancies, and that no removals shall be made except for cause.

Nearly all the members of Congress have gone home, having, in advance, left recommendations enough to fill all the offices which are vacant, or will become so within the next four years.

Mashal Fred. Douglass will be retained in his present office—marshal of the District—though there is an effort being made to oust him.

Mr. J. Stanley Brown has been appointed private secretary to President Garfield. Mr. Brown was formally stenographer to Major Powell, of the Smithsonian Institute, and went with General Garfield in the same capacity while the later was still in the House of Representatives. Mr. Brown was at Mentor during the campaign, and has been acting as President Garfield's secretary since the inauguration, although Colonel Rodgers has nominally held that position. Mr. Brown is a young man, about 24 years of age, and his appointment is very gratifying to those whose business involves the making of frequent visits to the Executive Mansion.

No action will be taken on the nomination of ex-Senator Matthews for the vacant Supreme Court Judgeship until the Committees of the Senate are organized. The nomination will then be referred to the Judiciary Committee, of which Senator Edmunds will be chairman. It is said Senator Edmunds is opposed to his confirmation, and also Judge Davis, of Illinois, who will be a member of the Judiciary Committee.

There seems to be a growing fear that Commissioner of Pensions Bentley is to be retained. Saints preserve us! But we thought surely he would go with the new administration. Bentley is a man calculated to impress one with the fact that life is short but eternity follows.

PHIL.

Calling a Halt.

It is about time to call a halt in the craze for the new inventions which has taken possession of the minds of so many people recently, and is leading them blindly on toward an anticipated goal of honor and wo[illegible] regardless of either common sense the good of humanity. So long as t efforts of these monomaniacs were confined to the construction of corn shellers, mowing machines, flying machines that would not fly, wonderful motors that would not run, and similar contrivances, we could stand to one side and wonder at the ingenuity displayed, and wish that we, too, were gifted with an inventive genius; but when it comes to the manufacture of butter from refuse tallow, cheese from unsalable lard, honey from glucose, packed in artificial paraffine combs, and the very material part of our Tom and Jerry out of old boots and shoes, it is time to stop long onough to consider what we are coming to, and where we are likely to end if it should continue. To add to all this confusion on the part of those who are dependent on the honesty of their grocer for unadulterated food, an old German lunatic, who has spent the greater part of his life in the hope that he might discover something which would embalm his name in the memory of future generations as a benefactor of his race, announces a process by which cheese can be made from potatoes. Something must be done, and as the peculiar form of lunacy is not confined to anyone country, a grand international convention of leading men should be called, and the best means for suppressing the evil adopted.—N. Y. *Tribune.*

He that lags behind in a road where many are driving always will be in a cloud of dust.

The Veto President.

The veto message sent to the House of Representatives is the tenth during the term of President Hayes. The first bill vetoed by him was the famous measure entitled, "An act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar, and to restore its legal-tender character," commonly known as the "Daddy-Dollar' bill. This was vetoed by President Hayes on February 28, 1877, but was immediately passed over the veto by both Houses and became a law, the vote in the House of Representatives standing 109 to 73, and in the Senate 46 to 19.

The second veto was sent to the House of Representatives on March 6, 1878. The objectionable measure was a bill providing for holding a special term of the United States District Court in Mississippi for the trial of persons charged with depredating upon public timber lands. It was a purely local measure, and the veto was sustained.

The third measure vetoed was the "Act to restrict the immigration of Chinese to the United States," to which President Hayes refused his assent on March 1, 1879. This bill had originally passed the House of Representatives by a vote of 155 yeas to 75 nays, or considerably more than a two thirds. When the veto message was taken up by that body, however, only 100 votes were mustered in the affirmative and 95 in the negative, so the veto was sustained.

The fourth veto was directed, on April 29, 1879, against the Army Appropriation bill, because of the sixth section of that measure, which prohibited the use of United States troops at the polls. This veto was sustained—the vote in the House standing 120 to 110—and Congress passed the Army bill without the objectionable feature.

The fifth veto followed quickly on the heels of the fourth, on May 12, 1879, and was aimed at the so-called Military Interference bill, which a joint Democratic caucus had concocted for the express purpose of meeting the objections of the President to the sixth section of the vetoed Army bill. This veto, also was sustained, the vote in the House of Representatives standing 127 to 97.

The sixth veto was sent to the House on June 23, 1879, and was aimed at the Judicial Express bill, because of the restrictions imposed by that measure upon the appointment and payment of deputy and special marshals at elections. This veto was sustained in the House, the vote standing 104 to 78.

The seventh veto was sent in on June 30, 1879, and was directed against the Special Marshals Appropriation bill which had been passed covering the same grounds that had caused the veto of the Judicial Expenses bill one week previous. This veto was also sustained by the House, the vote standing 83 to 63.

The eighth veto was sent in on May 4, 1880, and was aimed at the Deficiency Appropriation bill because of a "rider" which proved that the special deputy marshals for service at the polls, should belong to the opposite political parties, and that they should be appointed by the Curcuit of the United States for the district in which marchals were to perform their duties; but should their be no session of the Curcuit Court, then the district Judges were authorized to convene their Courts for that purpose. The President waived the merits of the "rider," and voted the bill simply on the abstract objection to placing "riders" on Appropriation bill. No attempt was made to pass the bill over the veto, the President's Message being permitted to lie upon the table until the close of the session.

The ninth veto was sent in on June 15, 1880, and defeated a bill passed subsequently to the preceding veto regulating the appointment of Special Deputy Marshals at elections. This veto was sent to the Senate, and when Congress adjourned sine die on June 16, it had not even been read, but remained on the table of the Senate, thereby defeating the bill.

THE International Monetary Congress seems very likely to be an unusually important, dignified and responsible body. It is quite possible that it may fail to attain the object in view. But the increased importance of this Republic in finance is so manifest to all the world that the arguments of our representatives will be listened to with more deference than they were in the preceding conference. At the present time the settlement of the question is of much less importance to us than it is to the rest of the world.

Pennsylvania Pickings.

A new sanitarium is to be opened in Reading on the 1st of April.

Nearly all the towns in oil regions are being connected by telephone.

There were but few parades in honor of St. Patrick in any part of the State.

A number of furnaces have been blown in in Schuylkill county this month.

Thousands of white mulberry trees are being cultivated by northern farmers.

Thirza Jackson, the oldest colored resident of Reading, died on Monday aged 103 years.

Some Philadelphia capitalists are talking of erecting a grand aquarium at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Ziegler, one of the oldest residents of Butler, and wife of "Uncle" Jack Ziegler, is dead.

The charter of Dean Miller's Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery has been annulled.

Hon. Simon Cameron has returned to his Harrisburg home, greatly improved by his Southern tour.

Seventy former inmates of the burned Danville asylum have been placed in the Warren insane asylum.

A still belonging to the Eclipse Oil Works near Franklin, exploded. The works narrowly escaped destruction.

A white muskrat has been captured in Chester county. The curiosity will be sent to the Philadelphia Zoological Garden.

An old woman in the neighborhood of Millersburg, Dauphin county, has it is said, $175,000 on her life in different companies.

The narrow gauge railway in the oil regions have been consolidated under the name of the Pittsburg, Bradford and Buffalo railroad.

A fomer soldier under the Czar of Russia is an inmate of the Schuylkill county prison. He was present at the coronation of Alexander II.

Lawrence county is unfortunate in her tax collectors. One official is found to be $5,000 in arrears, while another looms up to a total of $13,000.

Solomon Fry, of South Bethlehem, son of ex-Congressman Fry, shot himself the other day with the purpose of committing suicide. His wound will likely prove fatal.

James Matthews, of New Castle, the alleged seducer of Lizzie Smith, the girl who attempted an abortion in Pittsburgh the other day, denies all knowledge of the affair.

Dr. Chandler Payne, a Luzerne county pioneer, who lost his mind recently and wandered about until picked up and placed in an asylum at Binghampton, N. Y., is dead.

Edward Divers, an employe in the Allentown rolling mill, was thrown upon the rolls Wednesday and had his throat cut and windpipe severed He was living at last accounts.

An old soldier's blue overcoat which went through the wars of 1812 and 1844 and a portion of the civil war was put up at auction in Chester county on Wednesday. It was knocked down for $75.50.

W. U. Hensel, Esq., of Lancaster has been engaged to deliver the honorary address before the Philokosmain Literary Society of Lebanon Valley College at its next anniversary on May 6th.

The liquor men of New Castle, at a meeting night before last, charged the temperance folk with having small boys to buy liquor in order to get the seller on the hip. After denouncing this method of doing business, the rumsellers pledged themselves to keep a sharp lookout in the future and if possible make it warm for boys and their employers.

Wm. Stubblebine, who has been a fireman in the Bethlehem Iron works for fourteen years, has resigned in order to introduce an important discovery made by him. It is an invention by which the gas arising from the consumption of coal in heating and puddling furnaces can be condensed and again brought into service in the melting and making of iron. The discovery and the mode of its application is said to be very important. A company has been formed to manufacture the patent.

Poetry.

After Awhile.

We will weep for joys untasted,
After awhile;
For the golden moments wasted,
After awhile;
For the pledges we have broken,
For the words we should have spoken,
For the love without a token,
After awhile.

Will no pleasing tender fancies,
After awhile,
Shy and sweet as stolen glances,
After awhile,
Come, like olden friends to greet us,
Kiss us, thrill us when they meet us,
Other fancies bring as sweet as
After awhile?

"Oh, the golden, bright hereafter—
After awhile;
Will soon come with mirth and laughter,
After awhile;"
Sings the soul with sorrow saddened,
When the brain with grief is maddened;
But the heart repeats ungladdened:
"After awhile."

Death is coming nearer, nearer,
After awhile;
Life is growing dearer, dearer,
After awhile.
Soon, too soon, will come the weeping,
For the fount of tears is keeping,
Tears for those, who'll then be sleeping,
After awhile.

Tears, alas! will not avail you,
After awhile;
But regret will fast assail you,
After awhile;
And the friend, perhaps a lover,
You, in life, could not discover,
You will find when rests sod over—
After awhile.

But this life is worth the living,
After awhile;
Is a siren strain that's giving
After awhile
An excuse for wrongs unrighted,
For the duties we have slighted,
Till, at last, cries conscience, blighted,
"After awhile."

—*Kansas City Evening Herald.*

Our Story Teller.

Cook's Story.

"Yes, ma'am," said cook to me, pausing in the stirring of a pudding as she spoke, and shaking her head until her double chin looked like a mould of jelly. "Yes, ma'am, I've seen some strange things in my long life of service, I can tell you. I know the secrets of a good many families, and understand the difference between home faces and company faces by this time."

"There's many a happy looking couple with 'my dear' and 'my darling' before folks that are like cat and dog when they are alone. And I can tell you you don't know much about people from seeing the front door. I've found out many secrets in the course of my life, but never, I'm thankful to say, any that weighed upon me so as what I met with at my first place, 30 years ago this winter."

"I was a young girl then, with only one relation living—my old grandmother—and she was terribly anxious about me. 'Girls are light minded,' she said, 'and are carried away by flattery. And a handsome young fellow with a smooth tongue might lead Annie into all kinds of folly.' So granny deliberated and deliberated, and refused this place and that place, and seemed as though she never would be suited.

"At last, however, the minister, who had been a bachelor so far, married and brought his wife home, and granny came in out of her wits one day to say she'd got me the place.

"'It's a fine thing for you,' says old granny. 'You'll get no harm from them.'

"So poor old granny helped me pack my box and I went over to the minister's.

"Every one in the place knew about the minister's courtship, and how he had before that courted Miss Nellie Read, and that it would have been a match, if it had not been for Miss Bella Dunton, who came to the place on a visit and set her cap for him at once. That was the story; but there was nothing of the flirt about Mrs. Burlington, Miss Dunton that was; and if Miss Read had been jilted, she was far the handsomest. Handsome, but a fierce, bright kind of a beauty, like that of the wild animals in cages at the menageries; and I never could learn their names to know them apart, but there was a way they had of stepping that was soft and very fierce, that put me in mind of her when I saw them. And Mrs. Burlington was like a dove—soft and mild and sweet. I couldn't call her plain, whatever others did.

"I suppose that married life is the same the world over while people are young and in their honeymoon.

"The minister and his wife were like two turtle-doves. His arm always about her waiste, or her hand on his shoulder. They couldn't bear to be apart. At first I think he loved her most—but her love grew. It's always so—marriage makes a woman love more, while, generally; it makes a man less of a lover. Though I'll say for Mr. Burlington, I noticed no change in him.

"And I know I'd just said to the cook that I hoped if ever I had a husband he'd be as fond of me as master was of mistress, when the door bell rang. I went to open the door and who should walk in, and hand me her card, but Miss Nellie Read. I took it to master and mistress, and I saw his face flush as he looked at it—but she only smiled.

"'Show the lady in,' said she, and you may believe me or not, ma'am, but as she spoke I felt a cold chill run through me, and if I'd dared to step out of my place so far as to say, 'Please, ma'am, let me send her away,' I'd have done it, but I didn't dare, and she came in, and from that time they were intimate, always going and coming, and sitting together. 'I don't believe the story they tell of missus having cut Miss Read out,' said cook, one day. But I did. I'd seen a spark in her eyes that meant no good.

"All this pleasant seeming work went on for a long while, and at last the time came when a little baby was born. I remember when I first saw it lying on its mother's arm, and Mr. Burlington kissing them both. Miss Read was not there, but when I went back to the kitchen she was there, stirring something we were making for mistress. She gave a start as she saw me, and something dropped out of her hand. It was a little china jar with a flower painted on it, and as I picked it up I said: 'What a wonder it was it wasn't broken, and how pretty it is.'

"She made me no answer, but put it into her pocket in a hurry, and poured the gruel into a bowl and carried it up stairs.

"'Oh, Miss,' said cook, as she passed her, 'how glad I am missus is getting on so well!'

"But Miss Read just looked at her in a strange way and said in a sort of whisper:

"She's far from well—far from well. I think her very ill myself.'

"'Does the doctor say so?' asked cook.

"But Miss Read had gone; and whether he had said so or not, he said so the next day.

"Ah, she was very ill, and Miss Read was very kind; she watched her, and cared for her, and cooked all her food. But day by day the poor lady grew worse, and the baby pined; and at last on the same night both died.

"After she was dead the minister lay on the sofa all day long, moaning and weeping. Once I heard him say that fate was cruel. Miss Read heard him.

"'And it cannot be retributive justice,' she said, in a strange tone, "for you have never been cruel to any one, you know.'

"Even in his grief he looked at her then; but that was all they said.

"The night of the funeral she was there still. The minister was shut in his room, and she in hers, as we supposed, and we servants dreaded to go to bed, for the house seemed full of ghosts. The very commonest noises frightened us; and a flapping window-shutter made us all start. It was one belong to a pantry window, and cook bade me go and fasten it, at last, and I went, shaking, trembling, and found I must go outside to do it.

"Must is must, and I made up my mind to brave it; but as I put my hand to the bolt to draw it, I found it was not fastened, and the lock was not shot either. So I opened the door softly and stepped out, and there, in the moonlight, I saw what I thought to be a ghost kneeling and digging a grave. At first I was too frightened to scream; but before I get my breath again I saw that the figure was a living one. It was Miss Nellie Read. She was kneeling and digging a little hole with a trowel mistress had used for her gardening. And when she had dug it she dropped into it something white and shining, patted down the earth, and came in.

"She did not see where I stood, and she fastened the door and crept up stairs in the dark. A little while after I went out and fastened the flapping shutter, and I told nobody of what I had seen.

"Nobody; but that night I dreamt a dream. I thought my dead mistress came to me, and took me from my bed, and led me to the spot where I had seen Miss Nellie Read kneeling.

"'When my husband tells you he is going to marry that woman, dig here, and show him what you find,' said she.

"I woke wet with perspiration, and shaking from fright; but I said nothing yet.

"I said nothing until a year from that day I dreamt the dream again; only this time my mistress said:

"'My husband is going to marry my murderess; dig here, and show what you find.'

"Then I went to the old doctor, and made my courtesy, and told him my dreams, and what I had seen. 'And is master going to marry any one?' said I.

"'He is going to marry Miss Read, said the doctor.

"Then he bade me say nothing, and promised to come to the house that night and help me prove to myself that there was nothing under the tree.

"Late that night, with the moon high in the sky, as it had been when I saw Miss Read digging there, we knelt down together under the old tree, and I dug where she had, and in a little while I struck something hard and lifted it from the earth.

"It was only a little china jar, with a tight fitting cover, but when I looked at it I knew it for the jar Miss Read had dropped on the hearth while she was stirring Mrs. Burlington's gruel.

"'It is half full of white powder,' said I.

"But the doctor snatched it from me.

"'If Miss Read chooses to make a grave for her tooth-powder jar, she has a right to do it,' he said. 'And don't make a fool of yourself and talk to your fellow-servants, and there is five dollars to get a dress.

"I did not like to take such a large present, but I told him I should not talk, and I never did.

"But master never married Miss Read. Instead he sold the house and went away to Europe, and people knew something strange had happened. As for Miss Read she went mad after a while; and those who saw her then, said her talk make them turn cold. It was all about something she was afraid of that followed her with an awful white face, and at out burying things by moonlight.

"And I had strange fancies in my mind, ma'am, but I never said a word. There are some things it is best not to talk about."

Literary and Personal.

Miss Minnie Hauk, the prima donna, is engaged to Ernst Wartig, and now his favorite motto is, "In Hauk signo spes mea."

Mrs. Graham, nee Miss Nellie Kilburn, of Grundy county, Iowa, lost no time in her school on account of her recent marriage. She was married on Sunday rode to her school, sixteen miles, that afternoon, and began the discharge of her duties promptly on time the next morning.

Dr. Abraham Senseny began the practice of medicine in Chambersburg Pa., in 1781 and his son, grandson and greatgrandson have continued the same practice in the same place ever since. The first-named practiced sixty-three years, his son fifty-four years, and his great-grandson has practiced twelve years and still continues.

The base step of the massive stone steps in front of the new house William H. Vanderbilt is building in New York, which was shipped from Bedford, Ind., a short time since, reached its destination safely and since has been placed in position at a cost to Mr. Vanderbilt of $856. The block of stone was 33 feet long, 10½ feet wide, 2½ feet thick, and weighed 35,000 pounds.

The late Senator Carpenter used to tell with much gusto a remark made by his son Paul several years ago when the youth was more of a juvenile than he is to-day. At a social evening, gathering at the Senator's house a guest inquired of the boy: "Paul, what do you intend to do when you grow to be a man?" "Well," answered the boy, "I should like to drive a hack, but I suppose I shall have to be a Senator."

A Gushing young lady who purchased a bottle of Dr. Quacque's Health Bitters—none genuine unless the Doctor's name is blown on the wrapper—sent him the following testimonial: "Dear Doctor: I think your Bitters are too awfully lovely! After taking half a bottle I could sleep until nine o'clock in the morning while ma was getting breakfast ready. My health is now too sweet for anything, and your delightful medicines are just too supremely nice," etc.

An habitual wife-beater living in Cincinnati, while drunk on Monday night, broke his wife's jaw, knocked out six of her teeth, inflicted "two frightful wounds on her scalp," to use the language of the report, and bruised her body in many places. Although terribly hurt, the woman will recover and when the case comes to trial will probably either refuse to testify or ask the judge to be merciful. It is to meet such cases as this that public sentiment demands the erection of the whipping post for wife-beaters.

The Keystone Furnace at Chain Dam, near Easton, bought eight months ago by D. Runkle & Co, was put in blast Saturday morning. The match was applied by Leila Burke Reeder, the little daughter of Howard J. Reeder, Esq., of Easton. Thus the hand of a child set in motion a great industrial operation which we trust is destined to give profitable employment to very many men, and share in the general prosperity of the good times that are no longer coming," but are even now here.

OUR WHEAT-PRODUCING CAPACITY.—Few people comprehend the enormous wheat-producing capacities of this country. Without localizing the areas by States there are at least four hundred and seventy million acres of land which can be devoted to wheat raising. The entire wheat crop of last year, which was considered phenomenal, would not furnish the seed to sow these vast tracts which are capable of production. One can hardly realize the full significance of this fact. It means that the United State can raise enough of wheat to feed the world's people. Even in so old a State as Mississippi there are millions of uncultivated lands that would yield bountiful crops, and the same is true of a dozen other States that are considered well settled. Land is so abundant that farmers have plundered the soil instead of cultivating it; yet it seems to be inexhaustible. In Southern Illinois farms have yielded crop after crop of excellent wheat, without fertilization or manuring, ever since the country was first settled by the whites. And so in Oregon; in the neighborhood of Corvallis fields have been sown without an interval of rest, for forty years, and yield as good crops now as at first.

A charming picture of domestic happiness was seen through a Broad street window the other evening. A beautiful bride was painting some lovely flowers on a new silk dress, while by her side sat the young husband thoughtfully darning his stockings.—*Philadelphia News.*

Local Small Talk.

—As warm weather approaches the cow nuisance increases.

—The hunt for garden seeds and little onions has begun.

—The freight business at this point is daily on the increase.

—Mars is the incoming star, and is coming rapidly near to us.

—An Altoona barber was fined $4 for shaving on Sunday. He'll have to lather forty men to make that up.

—A large number of sheep have been killed in Washington and Beaver counties during the past few days by dogs.

—Merchants should begin to localize their wares, to reap the early spring harvest. Our columns are open to all.

—No one need want for another sleigh ride this season. The sleighing between Intersection and Snow Shoe is reported good.

—The frost—it cometh, now, from out the ground; the mud—it doth begin to lay around. How's that for a spring sand-wich?

—The physicians in this place are kept busy night and day attending to the wants of the sick during this changable weather.

—The repairs to Morris' lime kiln trestle will be completed in a few days. A Tyrone party has been engaged on the work.

—Our friend Longwell, who plays with the electrical current at Milesburg, sports a bran new "Derby." Such extravagance!

—Our local sportsmen are on the watch for wild pigeons. This is about the season of the year they make their appearance in this section.

—Those who take pleasure in studying the heavens will find the present month the best time of the year for observing the planet Mercury.

—F. W. Crider, the lumber merchant, now has the opportunity of "sassing" people by telephone, the line having been extended to his office.

—About $40,000 went to the dead letter office last year, which is just our luck. How often must we tell people to address our letters more carefully.

—Three carloads of grocery provisions were unloaded at the freight depot Wednesday, from which we infer that the grocery trade in Bellefonte is booming.

—Mr. D. C. Gingerich, of Oak Hall, is the owner of a sow, of the Chester White breed, which recently gave birth to twenty-two pigs. Considerable pork, that, for one litter.

—The Clearfield *Times* figures up fifty-one snow storms since the 19th of October, while we can only account for twenty-five. Guess the *Times* man has reckoned in two or three dozen frosts.

—A boy aged fifteen years was arrested in York on Monday on a charge of sending obscene printing through the mails. He admitted his guilt, but didn't seem to think he had committed a crime.

—Mr. Joseph Cannon, of Port Matilda, died Monday, March 14, at his home in that place in his 76th year. He was a much respected citizen and a prominent member of the Presbyterian church.

—Under the new management the telegraph line between this place and Snow Shoe will be conducted by the Pennsylvania company. The wires were cut out of the Snow Shoe office Thursday and transferred to the Western Union.

—We regret to learn that Miss Mollie Nesbitt, one of the excellent lady instructors at the public schools, has been compelled to cancel her engagement owing to illness. Miss Jennie Gehret will fill her position during the remainder of the term.

—On Friday, the 11th inst., Mr. Arthur Foresman, an aged citizen of Eagleville, died very suddenly in the office of Mr. John T. Fowler, while engaged in conversation with Mr. Harry Gephart, formerly of this place. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of his sudden demise.

—Bellefonte has not been visited in years by such an array of railroad dignitaries as put in an appearance Thursday on the occasion of the concluding transaction attending the transfer of the Snow Shoe road to the Pennsylvania Company, the particulars of which will be found in another column.

—The tall form of Christopher Derr was observed skipping up the creek Thursday morning with a 25-foot pole, and his pocket full of worms. The fates were against him, however, and notwithstanding his exertions the creek contains as many fish, lacking "two infants," as when he started out. It wasn't a bad day for fishing, either.

—The men working on piece work on new freight cars at the Altoona shops were informed, a few days since, that hereafter the wages of the gang boss, $2 a day, were to be taken out of the total earnings of the gang. The gangs consist of twenty men, and the new departure will take ten cents per day, or $2.60 per month, off of the earnings of each man. The *Call* states that the men, eighty in all, refused to work under those conditions.

—Prof. Vennor predicts as follows for the year: "The spring will be fairly early, hot and dry, and the midsummer cool and wet. The autumn promises to be open, dry and fine. There is likely to be a great deal of sickness during the year, but the weather, except in a few isolated sections, will be favorable to agricultural pursuits. The winter of 1882 bids fair to be open and generally mild, with but few, and those short-lived, storm periods."

—Mr. W. R. Teller, of the Brockerhoff House, has received a handsome offer to take the management of a hotel in Altoona city, which it is quite probable he will accept. He left here for that place Tuesday to examine the premises and perfect arrangements for taking possession. Mr. Teller is one of the most courteous and popular landlords we have ever had in our midst, and his hosts of friends will regret to learn of his intended departure.

—The State Senate has passed a bill providing for the election of a collector of taxes by each borough and township in the Commonwealth, who shall collect the taxes. All persons making payment of taxes before the first day of October in each year for the current year shall be entitled to a reduction of five per cent. The collector is to have a commisson of two per cent. on the amount collected before the first of October and five per cent. on all afterwards collected.

—Elmira claims to have fifteen thousand tons of ice stored away for summer use. Williamsport rejoices in having about ten thousand tons of the congealed article wherewith to keep cool during the hot process of surrendering the city charter.—[Williamsport Bulletin. Bellefonte, with less than a fourth as many people as Williamsport contains, has over three thousand tons of the article housed up for next summer's ice water and cream. Now, let's hear from Lock Haven.

—The seed peddler, whose fraudulent dealings with the farmers of this locality were shown up in these columns in our issue of last week, departed from Milesburg in a great hurry Wednesday by the early train. He stopped at a hotel in that place Tuesday night, where he came across a copy of the REPUBLICAN and had the pleasure of reading his "pedigree," hence his sudden change of base. He is thought to have started for Blair county, but if our exchanges up in that region are liberal with ink he will probably not tarry there long enough to swindle many people. Charge on him, ye knights of the quill, and head him for Canada!

"Our Country."

On last Wednesday evening, the 9th inst., Mr. G. S. Beck, the "miller orator," delivered his popular lecture on the subject "Our Country" in the State College chapel, to a fair audience, composed mostly of students and professors. The president of the college introduced Mr. Beck, who, after making a few preliminary remarks, began to sum up the past history of our great, noble republic, its progress, etc. He was very attentively listened to by the intelligent audience present, who frequently remarked his skill in the masterly manner in which he treated his subject.

Several young men, whom fortune, or the angel of good common sense, has never yet smiled upon, collected in the rear of the chapel and endeavored to annoy the speaker, who remarked that he would not frighten, as travel and experience had placed him beyond the point in which man is likely to scare at the boisterous conduct of boys.

As Mr. Beck became more eloquent in his address the order was much better, and at the juncture when he depicted some of the horrors of the rum traffic the order was admirable, thus showing the control the gentleman had over his audience.

After the lecture he entertained his hearers with a select reading, "Darius Green and his flying machine." His lecture, financially and otherwise, was a success, and pronounced so by those present.

Death of a U. S. Consul.

Dr. John Harris, United States Consul for Venice, Italy, died in that city on the 21st of February, aged 88 years, 1 month and 28 days. His wife survives him, but is in feeble health. He was married to Miss Ellen Orbison, sister of the Rev. James Orbison, dec'd., formerly of this place, and of W. P. Orbison, Esq., of Huntingdon. Deceased has a large family connection in Bellefonte. Dr. Harris had filled the position of Consul for nearly twelve years.

Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The Philadelphia *Press* of Saturday contained a special dispatch from Harrisburg stating that Prof. Wickersham, Superintendent of Public Instruction, will be succeeded this week by Dr. Higby, president of the Mercersburg College, Franklin county. It is stated that the reason for this summary disposition of Prof. Wickersham lies in the fact that about a month ago an offensive circular was sent over the State in which it was intimated that Prof. Wickersham's position was in danger, owing to the pressure on Governor Hoyt from the "machine element," who were anxious to get rid of Wickersham, and were using all of their influence on the Governor to effect their ends. The Governor, receiving one of the circulars, and understanding that it emanated from the office of the *State Journal*, of which Mr. Wickersham is editor, sent for the latter, and in the interview which followed intimated that there was but one honorable course left for him, and that was to demand his resignation. Prof. Wickersham is stated to have disclaimed all knowledge of the circular, and thus far has not resigned, which left the Governor free to appoint a successor without further conference with him.

In addition to the above the Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: "A *Telegraph* reporter called on Governor Hoyt this afternoon in reference to the above alleged facts contained in the dispatch. The Governor said that it was not definitely decided that President Higby would succeed Prof. Wickersham, although his name had been prominently mentioned. In fact, nothing regarding the Superintendency was settled, not even that Prof. Wickersham should retire. The details in the dispatch, the Governor said, were wrong, and the informant must have been a little 'off' when giving them to the *Press* correspondent. There is no doubt, however, that Prof. Wickersham will be given his *congé* in a short time."

Clearfield Lumber Notes.

FRENCHVILLE, March 14.

As I notice in your paper locals from almost every place except Frenchville, allow me to say a few words in regard to the lumber business of this place. Owing to the long winter the timber is now hauled to the river banks of the Susquehanna. L. M. Coudriet, the leading lumberman of this place, has taken out 1400 timber sticks to what is called the Deer creek landing. Among his timber he has what is called the brag sticks—two measuring 150 feet in length, square 18 inches in the middle; seventeen 92 feet in length, square 19 inches; forty-eight 82 feet in length, square 20 inches in the middle. His largest sticks contained 350 cubic feet. He also has four board rafts, each containing 60,000 feet of lumber, which he intends to raft some time this week. If the flood will allow he will run all to Middletown to market.

The lumbermen are now taking a rest for a few days waiting for a flood.

Work seems to be somewhat dull in this vicinity at present. The grist mill, however, which is under the control of John C. Koupt, formerly of Boiling Springs, Centre county, is crowded with work.

If there is anybody in your section who knows of any timber to beat the above hope he will let us Frenchvilie Frenchmen hear of it.

SUBSCRIBER.

Improve your Library.

Mr. D. M. Proctor, agent for the Appleton's, publishers of the new American Cyclopaedia, is in town canvassing for that work, and made us a call yesterday. We found him to be a very pleasant and scholarly gentleman, and well informed in literary matters—just the man, in fact, for the work in which he is engaged. This standard repository of knowledge has been entirely revised and fully illustrated. The new edition contains nearly 8,000 maps and engravings, and is complete in sixteen octavo volumes. We recommend Mr. Proctor to our readers as a thoroughly responsible gentleman, and empowered to make liberal terms with those who desire to purchase. We are confident that those of our readers who receive a call from him will find it to their advantage to give the volume a careful perusal, as no library is complete without it.

—Monte Ward, of this place, will receive a salary of $2,200 for pitching for the Providence base ball club this season, which will be his last in the diamond field. The Altoona *Sun* states that at the close of the ball season next fall Mr. Ward will go to Germany to complete his education, with the view to settling down to some business.

—In planting trees set them not less than 18 inches from the curb. Many of our citizens who planted shade trees a few years ago within a foot of the curb stone now have abundant cause to regret it.

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law.
Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. MORRISON,
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.
Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Shaving Saloons.

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BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Cigars of Every Quality

to suit the country trade, manufactured by him from selected stock. Also a large assortment of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS

SNUFF AND PIPES,

In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere.
He cannot be undersold, his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits."
v12n11tf H. C WEAVER.

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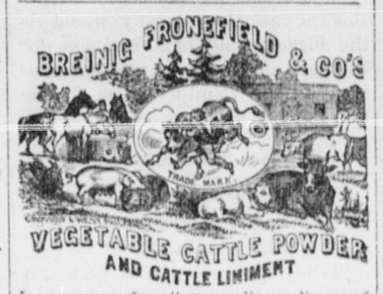
PHILAD'A
Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1y JOEL HUTTON Proprietor

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords 25ly

Dr. Jones' Taraxacum Tonic,
Or Dyspepsia Medicine, a vegetable compound whose virtues have stood a test of forty years, is infallible in the cure of Dyspepsia, General Debility, Chronic Weakness of the Lungs, Spleen, Kidneys, Short Breath, Heartburn, St. Vitus' Dance, pain in the Stomach, Back and Chest. Particularly adapted to all Female Diseases, no matter what the age of the patient may be Price 75 cents. Sold by druggists 2[illegible]y

Miscellaneous.



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Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a *first class thing.*—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. The cow gave nearly twice the quantity of milk that she did before, and gave twice the amount of butter. My chickens were dying, but were cured immediately after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with success in every case.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

Last summer you sent me a pack of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter cured the chicken cholera. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a pamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman. F. A. MILLER,
29-1y 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

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Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's celebrated Essay on the radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ The Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

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Compound of the active principles of Dandelion, Sarsaparilla, Manfrake, Dandelion, Kidney-Wort, Buchu, Hops, &c., which acts promptly on the Liver, Kidneys, Blood, Stomach and Bowels at the same time. These organs are so intimately connected that when one is diseased, they all become more or less affected. Hence the great value and superiority of this compound, which acts on them all. In this the entire system is purified, and all the functions regulated. It is also a most valuable remedy for Headache, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Kidney Complaint, Female Weakness, all Skin Diseases, Scrofulous and Syphilitic affections, old sores and ulcers. Pleasant to take. Trial bottles, 25cts. Large bottles, 50cts. All druggists and country stores have it, or will get it for you. Also prepared in sugar-coated pills, and in fluid extract. Ask your druggist for it. Take no other. Send for circular. HOME MEDICINE CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
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USE **TOLU ROCK AND RYE** TRADE MARK
SURE CURE
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Scientifically prepared of Balsam Tolu, Crystalized Rock Candy, Old Rye, and other tonics. The Formula is known to our best physicians, is highly commended by them, and the analysis of our most prominent chemist, Prof. G. A. MARINER, in Chicago, is on the label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical profession that TOLU ROCK and RYE will afford the greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lungs, also Consumption, in the incipient and advanced stages.

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ELY'S CREAM BALM
POSITIVELY CURES CATARRH, COLDS IN THE HEAD, HAY-FEVER, CATARRHAL DEAFNESS, HEALS SORES IN NASAL PASSAGES, SUBDUES CATARRHAL HEADACHE. PRICE 50 CENTS. ELY'S CREAM BALM CO. OWEGO N.Y.

DIRECTIONS. For Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the head, &c., insert with little finger a particle of the Balm into the nostrils; draw strong breath through the nose. It will be absorbed, cleansing, and healing the diseased membrane.

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Having gained an enviable local reputation, displacing all other preparations in the vicinity of discovery, is, on its merits alone, recognized as a wonderful remedy wherever known. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical of its curative powers. It effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions, allays inflammation and irritation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the senses of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized after a few applications. A thorough treatment as directed will cure Catarrh. As a household remedy for cold in the head it is unequaled. The Balm is easy to use and agreeable. Sold by druggists at 50 cents. On receipt of 50 cents will mail a package. Send for circular with full information.

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Dr. JONES' CREAM CAMPHOR
Is the name of the popular Liniment that cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swollen or Stiffened Joints, Frost Bites, Pain in the Face, Head or Spine, Chapped Hands, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Sting or Bite of an insect, Poison from common Poison Vines, etc., for man or beast. Always reliable and almost instantaneous in its relief. Having an agreeable odor, it is pleasant to apply. Sold by all druggists. Price, 25 cents.

N. B.—This Liniment received a Prize Medal at the State Fair, 1879. 12-20-1y

Medical.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

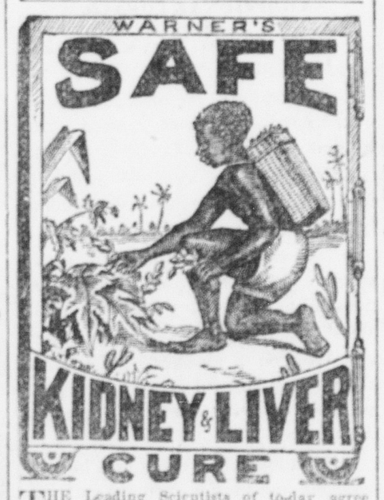
For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. *Mention this paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

SOLD BY F. POTTS GREEN,
12-41-1y Bellefonte.

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY & LIVER CURE



THE Leading Scientists of to-day agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time, and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a *POSITIVE Remedy* for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever—Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Lucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organs that *make* the blood.

READ THE RECORD.

"It saved my life."—E B Lakely, Selma, Ala.

"It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."—Mothers' Magazine.

"It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country."—New York World.

"No remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it."—Rev C A Harvey, D D, Washington, D C.

This remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the largest sized bottle of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for Warner's Diabetes Cure. It is a *positive* remedy.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
12-35-6m Rochester, N. Y.

IMPROVE THE HOUR.

TRADE MARK.
GUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER
Cures Consumption,
Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, Coughs, and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.
Price 50 cents and one dollar.
GUENTHER & CO., Proprietors,
12-42 39 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Ask your druggist for it.

BY UNIVERSAL ACCORD
AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nation, prove them the best and most effective purgative Pills that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use. Its intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pills can be compared with them, and every person knowing their virtues will use them when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.
For sale by all dealers. 12-43-1y 4

Miscellaneous.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.

For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Is the only positive cure known, and to show what this remedy will do, we give here as a sample of cases cured by it a statement which was

GIVEN UNDER OATH!

To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure. R. A. GAINES.

Enosburg Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.

JOHN G. JENNE,
Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

ON HUMAN FLESH it has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any deep-seated pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for CORNS, BUNIONS, FROST-BITES or any bruise, cut or lameness. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Read below of its wonderful effects as a liniment for the human family:

HEMATITE, Mo., Aug. 28, 1880.

B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS: I am so overjoyed in view of the result of an application of your Kendall's Spavin Cure that I feel that I ought for humanity's sake publish it to the world. About thirty-five years ago, while riding a young ugly horse, I was injured in one of my testicles, and from that time to three weeks ago a slow but constant enlargement has been the result, giving me a great amount of trouble, almost entirely preventing me from horseback riding, which was my usual way of travelling. I saw a notice of your Kendall's Spavin Cure; never once thought of it for anything except for horses, but after receiving the medicine and reading over what it was good for, feeling terribly exercised about my difficulty, for I had consulted many physicians and none gave me any specific but when it could be endured no longer to remove it with the knife. I applied your Kendall's Spavin Cure as an experiment, and it was so painful in its application that I concluded not to repeat it, and thought no more about it until near a week, and lo and behold one-half of the size was gone. With joy I could hardly believe it. I immediately applied it again, and have made in all about one-half dozen applications, running over a space of two weeks, and the terrible enlargement is almost entirely gone, in view of which I cannot express my feelings of delight. It has been a Godsend to me; may He send to others with like troubles.

JOHN RICE,
Pastor of Hematite Congregational Church.

P. S.—You are at liberty to put this in any shape you may please. I am not ashamed to have my name under, over or by the side of it.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE!

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.

12-31 DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Job Printing.

ALL KINDS OF **JOB PRINTING** EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER AT THE Bellefonte Republican Office. An Assortment of Beautiful New Type Just Received.

Job Printing.

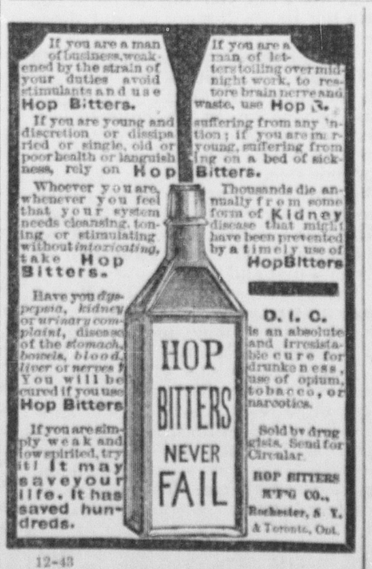
KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO PURE

AND SILVER GLOSS STARCH

For the Laundry, is the best and most economical in the world. Is perfectly pure, free from Acids and other foreign substances that injure Linen. Is stronger than any other, requiring much less quantity in using. Is uniform, stiffens and finishes work always the same. Kingsford's Pulverized Corn Starch for Puddings, Blanc-Mange, Cake, &c., is pure and delicate. Preferable to Bermuda Arrowroot. When you ask for Kingsford's Oswego Starch, see that you get it, as inferior kinds are often substituted.

Sold by all first-class Grocers everywhere.

T. KINGSFORD & SON, Oswego, New York


If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.
If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languishness, rely on Hop Bitters.
Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.
Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters
If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
If you are a man of letters toiling over midnight work, to restore brain nerve and waste, use Hop Bitters.
Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters
D. T. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.
Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.
HOP BITTERS MFG CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.
HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL
12-43

$2 Watches. Stem Winders $3.50. White Metal Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $6. Solid gold $12. Cheapest and best for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 152 Nassau st. N.Y.

A THOROUGH EDUCATION FOR **Young Ladies!**

Hollidaysburg Seminary,
Hollidaysburg, Blair County, Pa.

A very healthful location; beautiful surroundings. Offers to young ladies all the advantages of a Christian home, with thorough course of instructions in the higher branches of education.

Terms, $250.00 per Annum,

Including board and attendance, use of library, periodicals, and tuition in all English branches. Music and Art extra.

Annual Term, forty weeks. For catalogue with full information, address

W. P. HUSSEY, A. M.,
Principal, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

KANSAS LANDS AND WESTERN EMIGRATION. For terms, low rates of fare and tickets, apply to WM. SHORTLIDGE,
District Agent Kansas Division Union Pacific Railway, [12-40-1y] BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
wo inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
hree inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
our inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Acknowledgement from Alexander III.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The Secretary of State received from Gen. Foster, United States Minister at St. Petersburg, the following:

"Blaine, Secretary, Washington: The Minister for Foreign Affairs says the Emperor is profoundly touched by the expressions of sympathy of the President and Senate of the country for which the deceased Emperor professed sincere esteem and earnest friendship. It is a legacy which he leaves to Emperor Alexander III., which His Majesty, in accord with the Russian nation, accepts from the depths of his heart.

FOSTER, Minister."

Why Allison Stepped Aside.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—It is stated on the authority of a party who was familiar with the formation of Cabinet that Secretary Allison desired to accept the Secretary of the Treasury, but his appointment was opposed bitterly by the monometallists. Allison's championship of the Silver bill two years ago was argued against him. Secretary Sherman did not like the appointment because of Allison's silver ideas. Allison found that if he went into the Treasury that strong influence might be combined to force him at once to take a stand in opposition to silver. He still believes in silver money, and apprehending a pressure of this kind he declined.

Senator Edmunds Goes to Florida.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Senator Edmunds left Washington last night for a visit to Florida, and Senator Vance paired with him for the remainder of the session. Judge Edmunds has for some time been troubled with a bad cold, and now seeks a warmer climate in order to avoid the threatened danger of its developing into bronchitis or possibly settling on his lungs. The Senator has been similarly affected several previous winters.

Opposing Stanley Matthews.

WASHINGTON, March 18. — Chief Justice Caton, of the Illinois Supreme Bench, is here, urging the Senate to reject Stanley Matthews, on the ground that he is not a resident of the circuit, and the people of Wisconsin, Illinois and Indiana don't want an outsider put over them again as United States Judge. If Matthews' rejection can be secured, either Judge Hewitt or Judge Isham of Chicago, will be urged for the nomination.

The Duped Settlers.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—It is believed at the Land Office that the Western "Ring" of land swindlers has obtained fraudulent titles to more than a million acres of public lands, the most of which they have sold to innocent settlers, who, therefore, have no valid title to the land they occupy. Government officials here connected with the Land Office say that it rests with the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney Gen. to decide whether civil suits shall be begun at once to vacate the titles to these lands. It is believed that whatever is determined upon it will be so arranged that the blow shall not fall too heavily upon the thousands of dupep settlers whose hitherto undisputed titles to their claims have been rendered invalid by the exposure.

The New Rout to the Pacific.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 19.—The first through train over the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad for Deming, to make connection with the Southern Pacific Road for San Francisco, left the Union depot last night at 9.50. There were seven cars in the train, all crowded, and among the passengers were fourteen tickets to San Francisco and points on the Southern Pacific. Captain J. F. George of this city, an old conductor on the Santa Fe road, had the honor of taking out the first through train, while James Flinn, who has been running on the road for nineteen years, drove the engine. The train moved out of the depot amid the shouts of the crowd assembled to witness the opening of the great Southern rout to the Pacific.

Assaulted by a Notorious Woman.

DETROIT, March 19.—George Hendric a prominent business man of this city, and lessee of the principle city railway, was assaulted by a woman in his office yesterday morning. One shot was fired from a revolver when she was seized and taken to the police station. She claims that it is a case of seduction, and he alleges it is a case of blackmail. The woman turns out to be a notorious confidence character, with half a dozen aliases. She is known in Boston, where she jumped her bail some time ago in a blackmailing case. She has been under arrest for blackmailing elsewhere, also for shoplifting in this city. No doubt she is either a monomaniac or criminal character.

A Molders' Strike in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, March 19.— A general strike of molders employed in all the foundries, stove and machine works of the city will occur on the 1st of April unless the demand of the men for an advance of 10 per cent. in wages is acceded to. The employers were notified Monday last in order that the question might be thoroughly considered before the moment for decisive action arrives. It is understood that the demand for more pay has been suggested in part by the fact that times are better than for months past and promise to be still better.

Tornado in Missouri.

St. LOUIS, March 18.—The *Republican's* Carthage, Mo., special says a tornado passed over a considerable part of Southwest Missouri Tuesday night, accompanied by rain and hail. At Galena, Kansas, just across the Missouri line, it demolished some fifteen buildings, mortally wounded two persons and severely injured six others. The large tabernacle was completely destroyed, and several buildings blown down at Joplin but at Carthage the damage was slight.

Clue to a Crime.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—The mystery surrounding the terrible deed committed at the Eastern Penitentiary on Tuesday night has been sufficiently elucidated at the Coroner's inquest to warrant the jury in arriving at the conclusion that Pfeifer murdered McBride and added to his crime by taking his own life. The most important development in the case was made by Deputy Coroner Powers, who produced two slates which he had found in the cell. Upon one slate was written, in a scrawling hand:

Strouseburg Pa Miss Elna Bittenbender Jackson township last fall me and my cousin George Kraft I am—

The sentence was broken off here, and on another slate was written the following:

I also kill that girl in Jackson county cousin George Kraft Last fall was arrested his brother They call me the divil and a witch so if you all know all the people I have kill you would astonished go in New York their you find out all about me I am sorry for my owen family for I know they use them ruf on.

The remainder was written on the other side of the slate, and read:

My account they could not help for that wot I did you can all — — You can tell Judge Rice not to send down here any crazy man.

These fragmentary sentences had evidently been written in the dark, as the lines would break off abruptly and commence in an entirely different place. A card which was found in the cell was also produced. It had on one side the address: "Captain Washburn, Twentieth ward station house, Thirty-fifth street, between Ninth and Tenth avenue," and on the reverse: "McBride, Twentieth or Twenty-first and Pine.

The Miss Elna Bittenbender alluded to in the first scrawl was found murdered near her home, in the vicinity of Strousburg, Monroe county, last fall, under conditions which left no doubt of the fact that she had first been brutally outraged. It was supposed at the time that the deed had been done by tramps, but subsequently a cousin of the girl was arrested on the capital charge. The evidence, however, was not conclusive against him, and the trial resulted in an acquittal. This strange confession will undoubtedly revive interest in the horrible Monroe county tragedy.

Clubbed to Death with a Gun.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., March 21.—A dispatch from Cawker City, Kansas says that Henry Kutchell, a German living alone in a "dug out," five miles from that place, has been foully murdered, an explosive of some description having been thrown down the stovepipe, shattering the pipe and demolishing the interior of the house. Kutchell rushed out, but was fired at, when he fell and was clubbed to death with a gun. Two men who had had trouble with the murdered man in jail at Beloit for the crime.

Killing in Self-Defence.

PITTSBURGH, March 21.—A fatal shooting affair occurred in Dawson, Fayette county, at about half-past 10 o'clock Saturday night, in which David Mathers, a citizen of the town, shot and killed Samuel Morrow, a resident of Jimton. All is excitement, and but few particulars can be learned, but it appeared that Morrow threatened Mathers' life and shot at him twice, when Mathers drew a revolver and shot Morrow through the heart, killing him almost instantly. Mathers immediately gave himself up and pleads self-defence. No post-mortem examination has yet been made. Morrow is the man who, some two years ago, shot and killed Thomas Dobson at Scottdale, for which he was tried but on technical grounds acquitted. He has been in Texas during several years, and only returned a week or two ago, and was of a very wicked disposition. Public sentiment is greatly in Mathers' favor, and he will probably be released on bail.

Shot for Resisting a Marshal.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 21.—A St. Peter dispatch to the *The Pioneer Press* says: "Marshall McQuan yesterday arrested Edward Yenner for participation in a bar-room fight when twenty-five or thirty of the young man's friends interfered and threw the marshal to the ground. The latter then drew a pistol and fired upon the crowd, shooting the prisoner and Edward Dillon. Both are badly injured, but their wounds are not necessarily fatal. They are well-connected ruffians."

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Read the Bee Hive's advertisement. It pays.

—They should be on the table at every meal—the prime canned fruits kept at Sechler's.

—The sugars, spices, teas and coffees at Sechler's are pure, consequently there is no waste.

—The secret of Sechler & Co's great success lies in the purity and freshness of the goods they sell. No doubt about it.

—Are you a smoker? If so turn your steps toward Harry Green's, and load up with the best cigars in the market.

—For a long time there has been a need for just such a liniment as Kendall's Spavin Cure. Read their advertisement.

—No better cigars or cigarettes can be found this side of Philadelphia than Harry Green sells. Try them and be convinced.

—The stock of chewing and smoking tobaccos at Sechler's is the largest and freshest kept by any store in this vicinity. Don't forget it.

—Horse owners can not afford to overlook the wonderful success of Kendall's Spavin Cure. See the advertisement in another column.

—Mr. J. H. Bauland, of the Bee Hive, is in New York now purchasing a large stock of Ladies' Wear. Look ahead for big bargains at the Bee Hive.

—We have sold may gross of Ely's Cream Balm, and are gratified to hear from our customers the most flattering reports; believe it is an article of real merit. Smith, Kline & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Philadelphia, Penn.

—Valentines' new railroad trestle over the creek is completed and open to the passage of cars. The new bridge is not a handsome structure, but is substantial and has lasting qualities. It has seven piers, constructed on the crib plan, filled in with stones, and no ordinary flood will have much effect on it.

—We had a pleasant call Monday from Mr. A. B. Rishel, who intends removing in a few days to Centre Hall. Mr. Rishel has but recently returned from the South, having resided for ten years in Virginia, during which time he had abundant opportunity for studying the condition of the people and the political situation of that section. How it effected him may be imagined when we state that he went down a red-hot Democrat, but saw enough to convince him that the Democratic party was not the party to tie to, and returned a red-hot Republican.

—Read the advertisement of Bauland & Newman.

Pine Grove Items.

News, such as would grace your columns, has been rather scarce with us for the last few weeks. As our telegraph wires are out of order trains are not running on our road, and no vessels have come up the stream this far since the thaw. Then gossip, such as is manufactured by many to suit their purpose, would not prove edifying to your readers.

Our flouring mill will undergo an overhauling in the spring, much to the delight of the people of our village and the surrounding country. It will be fitted up with entire new machinery, to be propelled by steam, for which an engine has already been procured.

Rev. Heck, of the M. E. church, has purchased a home near Eanesville, Huntingdon county, to which he has moved with his family, intending to retire from the ministry, or at least for awhile, on account of ill health. We are sorry to lose him as a citizen, and deeply sympathize with him in his affliction.

Prof. Hosterman will again take charge of our academy in the spring. His prospects for a large school are promising. We are glad to have one so competent in our midst. He is a graduate of the Franklin and Marshal college, and is well qualified for the work which he has undertaken in our midst. Young folks of the county should avail themselves of the opportunity here offered.

C. S. Danley, one of our highly respected young citizens, we are sorry to state, contemplates leaving us in a few weeks. He will try his fortune in Minnesota.

George Heberling, our genial citizen and most excellent cabinet maker, is moving his shop to a more conspicuous part of the village, where we trust his trade will be largely increased.

The term of office of Dr. Orndorf as justice is continued by appointment, on the part of the Governor, until May, when he will enter upon a second term, for which he was chosen at the recent election. X.

The Snow Shoe Region.

In speaking of the consolidation of the Snow Shoe railroad with the Pennsylvania, the Philadelphia *Times* gives the following pleasing pen picture of the region through which the road runs: "The fine, fertile region of the Snow Shoe district, with its undeveloped veins of bituminous coal, its rich ores, its forests of lumber and cultivated country, is to be opened up and brought into closer railroad connection with this city. The Bellefonte and Snow Shoe Railroad Company, owning a road 26 miles long, striking the coal regions, has been consolidated with the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, extending 55 miles from Lock Haven to Tyrone. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which now leases the Bald Eagle Valley road, having acquired the other road, will operate the entire line of 81 miles. The Snow Shoe road begins at Bellefonte. It is a beautiful section of country all along the line, and one of the finest trout-fishing grounds in the State. Deer and other game are plentiful, and of late the place has become a resort in summer for those who love seclusion and the charms of mixed wildwood and peaceful farm life. A company has lately been formed for coal mining on an extensive scale in the upper region of the road, and its operations are expected to be more than doubled in a very little while."

Resolutions of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to take from amongst us our esteemed sister, Miss Kate Garland, and by her death our Sunday school and Bible class have lost one of its most active members, and who was beloved by all, and while we deeply feel our loss, we humbly bow in submission to His divine will; therefore

Resolved, That we sincerely sympathize with the bereaved family and friends in their great affliction, but console them with the assurance that "He doeth all things well," and hath taken her unto Himself.

Resolved, That the community in which she lived loses a faithful and loving friend, and the Sunday school of which she was a member a prudent and beloved scholur, and one whose seat was seldom vacant. Our loss is her eternal gain.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be placed on the minutes of the Sunday school, and a copy be presented to the family of our departed sister, and that they also be published in the Bellefonte NEWS.

W. E. HAMER, Sec'y.

BALD EAGLE, March 20, '81.

—The new basket lunch system on the Boston and Albany Railroad grows in favor. Orders are taken by an agent on each train, and telegraphed forward to the station where the baskets are delivered. There are six bills of fare, and the uniform price is 40 cents. One bill, for example, comprises two turkey sandwiches, two slices of buttered bread, two boiled eggs, and some pickles. The baskets have neat compartments, and are furnished with plates, knives, forks, and napkins. Extras in the way of fruit, drinks, &c., can be ordered at reasonable prices.

That's a first-rate idea, now, ain't it? But imagine how those baskets would groan with good things provided the contents were made from Sechler's famous groceries! Were this the case the company would do the biggest kind of a business, for Sechler's goods have become famous for their purity and freshness. Therefore there is the place to buy.

Robert Todd Lincoln.

The *Inter-Ocean* predicts for Robert Lincoln a career honorable to himself and the country. It says:

"It is a delicate matter to touch upon, perhaps, but Robert Lincoln has seemed to shrink from attentions bestowed upon him only because he was the son of an illustrious father. For more than a dozen years he has been the consant recipient of invitations to be present at various gatherings, celebrations, etc., in all parts of the country. Up to a very late period, these have all been declined, quietly and without parade, but in a manner which revealed sometimes, in spite of himself, almost a feeling of pain, at requests which he felt came to him only because he bore an honored name. His reverence for his father was so great that he could not bear to excite gossip and comment by appearing in places where he felt he might not meet the public expectation. It is only of late, and when he felt that he was capable of discharging acceptably the duties or honor of certain positions, that he has consented to relax his former determination. Those who were at the great Grant meeting in Central Music Hall on the eve of the National convention will remember with what dignity he presided, and how favorably his bearing impressed the thousands gathered there. Unaccustomed to such duties, his admirable speech on taking the chair and his ease and composure in the face of thousands of curious eyes excited universal comment, and gave rise to the frequent exclamation that Robert Lincoln was 'a chip of the old block.'

"He is not a genius, brillant and erratic, but a man of talent, energy, conviction, dignity and strong common sense. He is a growing man, and will be greater at the end of four years than he is now. He is a safe man, and, if we do not greatly mistake, will have the entire confidence of the President before many months have passed. In short Mr. Lincoln, after mastering success in private life by his energy and native ability, has been called into public place, and called to stay."

The Cat.

Cats are curious cattle. They are selfish. They are grasping. When the attributes were parceled out among the animals the catgut the gift of music. She got it by violins.

No one knows where cats come from; but since the fashion of seal sacks came in everybody knows where most of them go to. But this is kept a profound secret among the owners of seal garments. They set the seal of secrecy upon it. Purrhaps they are wise.

The cat has nine lives; that is to say, she lives nine times longer than she ought.

This suggests a problem, which lovers of mathematics—there are those, alas! who love them—can puzzle over.

If it takes nine tailors to make one live man, and nine lives to make one cat, what does a catamount to?—[Correspondents sening answers will please inclose a three-cent stamp, not for publication, but for the use of the compiler of this authentic history.]

The cat is not subject to tax. Efforts have been made to insert a clause in the dog law to include cats, but thus far the cats have inserted their own claws.

Not only do they escape tax, but the taxidermist also. They do their own stuffing.

At the time of the flood, Father Noah endeavored to keep the cat out of the ark, but the cat got her back up and passed under the guise of a camel.

Until very recently every ship has since that time carried a cat.

Many stories are told of the seafaring cat, including nine tails which are often red.

In Egypt cats are regarded as sacred animals. To kill one was an offence punishable with death.

The cat remembers this, and to this day takes a fence on the slightest provocation.

HOW A CHURCH WAS FILLED SUNDAY EVENING.—The evening service on Sunday in a certain congregation was poorly attended. People thought they could not come out twice on Sunday to church.

The officers talked the matter over. Their talk resulted in a pledge to each other that they would never absent themselves willingly from the service, and that they would urge every one they saw to plan for a second attendance.

The parents talked it over. They found that their children were not in the habit of spending the evening religiously or profitably, and they determined to set them an example of an earnest devotion to spiritual concerns. They began going twice a day the Sunday after.

The young men talked it over. They concluded that it was their duty to attend both services, and to bring at least one young woman apiece with them. The young ladies talked it over. They thought that if they could go to a concert or party at night, it could not do any harm to be at church after sunset. They decided that they would all go regularly, and take each a young woman with them.

The minister did not know what to make of it. He began to flatter himself that he was a latent Spurgeon. The attendance was increasing every week. Strangers seeing the direction of the crowd, followed. It became the most popular church in the city.

Telegraphic Photographs.

A New York correspondent of an Indianapolis paper tells the following astounding story: Another of the achievements of electricity is called the "telegraphic photography." The claim of this inventor is that he can, by a single flash of electricity, telegraph any amount of printed matter simultaneously for a distance of at least fifty miles. This in fact, he claims to have done. Before me, lying on the table where I write, is the printed prospects of a mine, about twelve by fifteen inches, arranged in newspaper columns, and with a displayed head over it, and four handsome engravings illustrating the text. It is a beautiful print, but apparently in diamond type so small as to be read with dificulty. On the other side of the table lies a sheet four times as large, in brevier or long primer, evidently the original of the first-named prospectus. "This small one is the telegraphic copy, it was telegraphed fifty miles," says my new friend who is in the new company. A comparison shows that they are precisely the same to the most minute particulars, but the smaller one shows no indication of an impression, and the man who brings it, an inteligent person who knows what he is talking about, declares that it was not printed in any sense, but was, in fact, printed by telegraph. He also shows a picture, apparently a bit of spatter work, a submerged anchor beautifully entwined and overgrown with marine flora and corals, and then he brings another exactly like it in size and style. They are both apparently lithographs, with the strongest light and shade. There is no difference between them. One of them is the original says the man, and the other, I cannot tell which, is the telegraphic copy." He goes on to explain: "The picture was put into a box at one side of the laboratory, and was reproduced on this paper on the opposite wall before my eyes. There was only a wire between a wire twenty feet long, say. That is why it is of the same size. When we telegraph a picture to a newspaper fifty miles, it becomes much reduced in size, reduced in proportion to the distanae. It is that that the inventor is now trying to overcome. If it cannot be overcome by some reversing process, we shall have to go to the trouble of rephotographing the matter sent at its destination, so as to get it back to the same size."

The Old Man of the Tower.

During a visit to London in the summer of 1880, I went with my fellow-travelers to see the Famous Tower. As I was leaving the gate my heart saddened by the sight of the numberless implements of warfare, horrible instruments of torture the beheading block and axe, and all the tales of sorrow and persecution I had heard. One of the warders stopped me saying: "You are an American?" I smilingly assented. He then added, "I owe some American gentleman a great debt. I would like to tell you about it. I am an old man now, seventy-five years old. Thirty-three years ago I was a soldier in the Royal service in India, and the habit of taking a portion of liquor daily, and thought it a necessity. One day in a newspaper I read some American gentlemen had resolved to abstain from the use of all spirituous liquor. I said to myself if it is right and best for them it is for me; God helping me I will never touch another drop. I adhered to my resolution; was afterwards in many battles, and in several fierce engagements with the Sheiks, but was never wounded, never ill, and all the braver and better for my abstinence," and pointing with pride to the five medals of honor he wore, said, "I am convinced my temperance gained me these, keeps me in health, and my present position of warder to this part of the Queen's possession." Young men of America! if it was right, best and profitable for the English soldier in the trying climate of India to take this stand, is it not for you? Like him, refuse the liquor poison that saps the strength, weakens the intellect, and destroys your manhood! He is guarding the crown jewels of England's Queen, the most valuable not worth so much as the soul jewel you have in keeping for the King of Heaven. Let the voice from the Tower of London reach you in America and help you to be sober, valiant, and worthy of your trust. H. A. LOOP.

A $10.00 Biblical Prize.

The publishers of *Rutledge's Monthly* offer the following easy way for some one to make $10.00:

To the person telling us how many times the word "Bethlehem" is found in the New Testament Scriptures, by April 10th, 1881, we will give $10.00 in gold as a prize. The money will be forwarded to the winner April 15, 1881. Those who try for the prize must send 10 cents with their answer, for which they will receive the May number of the *Monthly*, a handsome Magazine of 32 pages, in which will be published the name and address of the winner of the prize, with the correct answer thereto. Address, Rutledge Publishing Company, Easton, Pa.

—Isaac Guggenheimer is selling the best Sole Leather for 24 cents a pound.

ONE of the travelers for a Detroit wholesale boot and shoe house was the other day sent to a village in the western part of that State in response to information received that a debtor in business there had just died. The firm was interested to the extent of $1000, and the agent was correspondingly anxious. Finding the store closed, he called at the house. The funeral had not yet taken place, but the bereaved said that she would see him.

"I see that the store is closed," remarked the agent, by way of getting at his errand.

"Yes, but I shall open it to-morrow.

"Do you intend to run the business yourself?"

"Yes, sir."

"And there won't be any changes?"

"Well, yes, I shall make a few.

"Anything to affect accounts?"

"Possibly. I shall fail as soon as open the store to-morrow and affect a compromise with the creditors. If you'll come around after dinner I'll make you some sort of an offer, and perhaps give you an order for odd sizes."

The agent did not ride to the grave with the mourners. He mourned by himself at the hotel.—*Detroit Free Press.*

They don't ring the bells to let the people know when the theatre or circus opens, and yet nobody gets there too late.

Relieve misfortune quickly. A man is not like an egg—the longer he is unkept in hot water the harder he is when taken out.

Workingmen.

Before you begin your heavy spring work after a winter of relaxation, your system needs cleansing and strengthening to prevent an attack of Ague, Billious or Spring Fever, or some other Spring sickness that will unfit you for a season's work. You will save time, much sickness and great expense if you will use one bottle of Hop Bitters in your family this month. Don't wait.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

11-2t

—Nova Scotia Plaster, pure article, at Duncan, Hale & Co's, at $9.00 per ton. The virtues of this plaster have long been recognized by the farming community. Here is an opportunity to get the best and at bottom prices.

12-2t

—Don't drive a spavined horse as long as you can get Kendall's Spavin Cure for $1 a bottle. As a powerful liniment for deep seated pains on both man and beast it has no equal. Read advertisement.

More insurance companies are being organized in the State at this time than for years. The business is becoming a very popular investment.

—I. Guggenheimer & Co. have the sole agency and exclusive sale of our justly celebrated men's and boys' Rochester clothing.

12-tf SCHWARZ BROS. & Co.

—Spring woolens now ready. Early orders solicited. Money saved.

12-50tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

New Advertisements.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business Mar. 11, 1881.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$330,690.88
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	18,495.00
Due from approved reserve agents	23,501.16
" " other National Banks	318.03
" " State Banks and Bankers	6,296.56
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	27,289.61
Current Expenses and Taxes paid	2,255.92
Checks and other cash items	1,908.30
Bills of other Banks	140.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and pennies	274.55
Specie	17,083.50
Legal tender notes	17,161.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500.00
Total	$549,913.91

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	35,000.00
Undivided profits	7,711.19
National Bank notes outstanding	90,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	159,099.77
Time certificates of deposits	137,538.92
Due to other National Banks	28,593.41
Due to State Banks and Bankers	970.62
Total	$549,913.91

State of Pennsylvania, [S. S.]
COUNTY OF CENTRE.

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of March, 1881.
E. M. BLANCHARD, Notary Public.

Correct—attest,
E. C. HUMES,
ADAM HOY,
JAMES A. BEAVER } Directors.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CENTRE COUNTY.—In the matter of the estate of Jacob Kline, deceased, the Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the fund in the hands of the Administrators, among those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, on Monday, April 18th, 1881, at 2 o'clock P. M., at his office, in Bellefonte.

S. D. GRAY,
12-3t Auditor.

WANTED.—A man with wife (no children) to work for the President of the State College, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Situation open April 1st. 11-3t

AGENTS WANTED for the National Hand Book of AMERICAN PROGRESS: Historical, Documentary, Biographical, Statistical, Financial and Political. Six Books in One. Edited by Rev. E. O. Haven, LL. D. Including the CENSUS of 1880. In great demand for the counting house and home library. Over 500 pages, 60 illustrations, $2. Terms to agents unequaled. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 757 Broadway, N. Y. 8-4t

$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls makes great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. oct6'80dAw6m

If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gaslight in the evening at a distance of 10 inches, your eyes are failing, no matter what your age, and your eyes need help. Your sight can be improved and preserved if properly corrected. It is a wrong idea that spectacles should be dispensed with as long as possible. If they assist the vision use them. There is no danger of seeing too well, so long as the print is not magnified; it should look natural size but plain.

It is known to all who have been compelled to resort to the use of Spectacles (notwithstanding they may be perfectly fitted to correct the optical defects), that for some cause, not until recently well defined, their use was attended with fatiguing, smarting, and otherwise disagreeable sensations. This is a universal fact of experience, and has been supposed to be entirely beyond remedy. This disagreeable sensation and disturbance of the eye is produced chiefly, perhaps we ought to say entirely, from the fact that ordinary lenses increase the sensation of heat (to which the eye, more than any other organ or part of the body, is sensitive), as also the actinic or chemical properties of the rays of light.

It is well known that these peculiarities of light are identified with certain colors of each ray; and the point of importance, or without using technicalities, is to construct lenses so that these properties of light shall be neutralized; this can be done by introducing a neutralizing tint into their manufacture, the difficulty of which, however, consists in the selection of a color which shall have this effect, and, at the same time, shall not otherwise impair the lenses for purposes of vision. The

Arundel Tinted Lens

Is designed to effect this purpose. The peculiarity of its manufacture consists in the introduction into the glass of a slight Violet Color, *in such manner that the* high *and* low *numbers of the lens prepared from this glass, although* varying in thickness, *are of the same delicate tint and of sufficient power to neutralize the heating and actinic power of the rays of light. Read the following:*

[From R. S. Mershon, Esq., Zanesville, Ohio.]

"*I have put the Arundels through the following tests:—I placed an eight-inch Arundel, and an eight-inch white lens side by side, sharply focused in the strong sunlight, with their foci directed on the bulbs of two thermometers, and the difference was four (4°) degrees in temperture in favor of the ARUNDEL. Again, I placed the same lenses side by side on a piece of sensitised photographic paper, and the white glass discolored the surface quicker than the ARUNDEL. These two tests prove these two points, viz: that the ARUNDEL intercepts the solar heat-rays and the chemical rays also.*"

And the following from a Centre county man whose letter can be seen at my store:

* * * "*I am very much pleased with the glasses. They have been more beneficial to my eyes than all the medicine I ever put in them.*"

If you experience any unpleasantness in reading or can't see distinctly, come in and have your eyes tested. I think I have something good for you.

FRANK P. BLAIR,
Brockerhoff House Block.

New Advertisements.

The Bee Hive Stores.

Last week we promised you some more new points concerning our Trade, and whereby we are confident you can save money. Therefore please pay attention to what we tell you.

We have just received 500 yards of Cassimer, out of which we intend to make the popular $15 suits. They are all wool. We guarantee a fit, and to be as well made as a $30 suit. The same quality will cost you Twenty Dollars elsewhere.

Then we have The Celebrated Owl Shirt, laundried and unlaundried. We are satisfied that it is the best shirt in the country for One Dollar. It is made of Wamsutta Muslin, Reinforced Bosom, 2400 Linen, 3-ply and lined with heavy Butcher Linen

We have a Calico Shirt, laundried, ready for use, with Collar, for only 25 cts. The biggest bargain in our Stores.

In Gents' Ties, we have the largest assortment ever opened here. Among the most popular are the Four in Hand, the 481, the Tournament and the Bernhardt. They are in all colors, and range from 35 to 75 cents.

We have a few suits on hand. They are of our own make, made in dull season; made in the very best style, on which we are offering some special inducements.

Please and also bear our $3.75 Pants in mind. They would be cheap at $5; but we can afford to sell them at $3.75. Our Overalls can't be beat; they are our Own Make, and we guarantee every pair not to rip.

In Gents' Linen Collars and Cuffs we have all styles, at prices ranging from 8 to 20 cts. We will tell you about Hats, etc., next week.

Please remember us when you are in need of anything in our line, for we are positive it will pay you. At any rate, we would like to have you call and examine our Goods whether you want to purchase or not. No trouble to show Goods.

Respectfully,

Bauland & Newman,

Originators of the one price system in Bellefonte.

13-10

New Advertisements.

SAW MILL FOR SALE.

Good Saw Mill and tract of Timber for sale.

INQUIRE AT REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

10-3t

ORPHAN'S COURT OF CENTRE CO.—ESTATE OF RICHARD ATHERTON. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Centre county to settle and adjust the account of the Administrator of Richard Atherton, deceased, and to make distribution of the balance to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties at his office, in Bellefonte, on Wednesday the 6th day of April, A. D., 1881, at 10 a. m., when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper.

A. O. FURST,
10-3t Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—IN THE ORPHANS COURT OF CENTRE CO.—ESTATE OF HENRY KREBS, DECEASED.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by said Court to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of D. L. Krebs, Executor of &c. of said decendent, restate the account in accordance with his findings, and make distribution of the balance in the hands of said accountant to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday the 5th day of April, A. D., 1881, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested will please attend and present their claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
10-3t Auditor.

PENSIONS

Secured, also Bounty, Back Pay, Increase of Pension, New and Honorable Discharges, Patents, etc. Thousands entitled. New laws. Now is the time! Do not delay! Soldier's Widows, Children, Parents, Brothers and Sisters entitled. Have your claims investigated. Apply at once. Send two stamps for blanks and instructions complete, to **Jenkins A. Fitzgerald,** U. S. Claim & Patent Atty. Box 720 Washington, D. C. 10-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF JOHN THOMPSON, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John Thompson, late of Liberty township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay, to

JOHN D. THOMPSON,
9-6t HENRY THOMPSON,
February 23, 1881. Administrators.

New Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentory upon the estate of Sarah S. Williams, deceased, late of Martha Furnace, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted will call and make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

W. S. WILLIAMS,
12-9-6t Executor.
Martha Furnace, March 1, 1881.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CENTRE COUNTY.—In the matter of the estate of JACOB HOY, deceased.

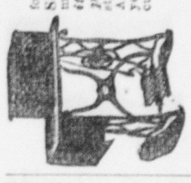
The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said Court to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the first and second accounts of the administrators of said deceased, restate said accounts in accordance with his finding, and make a distribution of the balance in their hands to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the borough of Bellefonte, on TUESDAY, the 22d day of MARCH, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M. Parties interested will please attend.

CLEMENT DALE,
9-3t Auditor.

Only $20

for this style of PHILADELPHIA SINGER. Equal to any Singer in the market. *Remember, we send it to be examined before you pay for it.* This is the same style machine companies retail for $50. We have been selling them for five years. Send for our Illustrated Circular and Testimonials. Address

CHARLES A. WOOD & CO.,
17 N. Tenth St., Philadelphia, Pa.



History of Centre County

BY MAYNARD & RICHIE,

For Sale at Republican Office

PRICE, $3.00.

WILLIAM GRAUER has been admitted to an interest in our firm this day. The firm name will be the same as heretofore. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the old firm will please call and make settlement of the same. S. & A. LOEB.

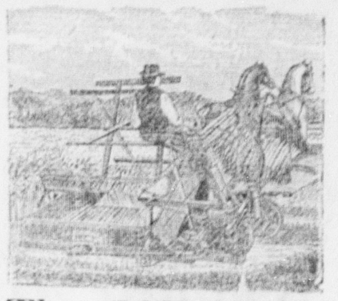
SIMON LOEB,
ADOLPH LOEB,
WILLIAM GRAUER.
DlwR3w March 1, 1881.

BEATTY'S ORGANS, 15 Stops, 4 set Reeds only $65. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N.J. 10

New Advertisements.

Farmers' Supply Store.

ALEXANDER & CO.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.,
SELL



The OSBORNE
Mowers, Reapers, and Self-Binding Harvesters.

Corn Shellers with Cleaners,
Telegraph Hay & Straw Cutters
Farmers' Chop Mills,
Fodder Cutters and Crushers,

CONKLIN WAGONS,

One, two and four-horse Wagons,
Broad wheel Farm Wagons,
Broad wheel Lumber Wagons,
Wide and narrow track Wagons.

The Conklin Wagons are made of the best material, are highly finished, run lighter and last longer than any other wagon ever sold in Centre county.

Cortland Platform Spring Wagons and Buggies.

OLIVER CHILLED PLOW

Complete in all its parts. Every farmer should have one. Steel Plows, common iron beam Plows, Shares and repairs.

Garden Seeds. Farm Seeds.

Cultivators, Reapers and Mowers, Horse Hay Rakes, Grain Drills, Threshing Machines and Grain Separators. Low prices. Store opposite Bush House.

13-3-3m ALEXANDER & CO.

I. GUGGENHEIMER

Has just returned from Philadelphia and New York where he has purchased a stock of

CARPETS

For the Spring Trade, the selection of which in price, quality and style will surprise everybody. They have from sixty to seventy-five pieces of all kinds, consisting of

Hemp, Cottage,
Rag, Venetian,
Ingrain, Three-Ply,
Tapestry and
Body Brussels.

A selection such as has never been seen before in this town. They have also a full line

CRETONS and LACE CURTAINS:

A FULL LINE OF RUGS, MATS, ETC.,

In fact everything that is required to furnish a residence.

Their stock of
DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
TRUNKS, Etc.,
Is unusually full and complete.

11-3m I. GUGGENHEIMER & CO.

S. & A. LOEB,

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DEALERS IN THE CELEBRATED

ROCHESTER CLOTHING.

Better Fits, better Workmanship, better Styles, better Linings, superior in every respect to any other ready-made Clothing in the United States, and equal in every respect to the work of any merchant tailor in any of our large cities.

Prices fully as low as ordinary slop-shop work—generally sold in Bellefonte.

Mothers, bring in your Children, from 4 years up, and examine our assortment of CHILDREN'S WEAR.

S. & A. LOEB,

Fine Clothiers, and dealers in General Merchandise

34

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

The New Emperor.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The following dispatch has just been received:

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.

To Blaine, Washington:

Czarowitz ascends the throne as Alexander III.

[Signed] FOSTER.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 15.—The following Imperial manifesto has been promulgated:

We, by the grace of God, Alexander III., Emperor and Autocrat of all the Russians, Czar of Poland, Grand Duke of Finland etc., hereby make known to all our faithful subjects that it has pleased the Almighty, in his inscrutable will, to visit Russia with heavy blows of fate, and to call her benefactor Alexander II., to himself.

He fell by the hands of impious murderers, who had repeatedly sought his precious life and made their attempts because they saw in him a protector of Russia, the foundation of her greatness and a promoter of the welfare of the Russian people. Let us bow to the unfathomable will of Divine Providence and offer up to the Almighty our prayers for a soul and a beloved father.

We ascend the throne which we inherit from our forefathers, the throne of the Russian Empire, and Czardom and Grand Dukedom inseparably connected with it. We assume the same heavy burden which God has imposed upon us with a firm reliance upon his Almighty help. May He bless our work to the welfare of our beloved fatherland, and may He guide our strength for the happiness of all our faithful subjects. In repeating before the Almighty God the sacred vow made by our father to devote according to the Testament of our forefather the whole of our life and to care for the welfare and honor of Russia, we call upon our faithful subjects to unite before the altar of the Almighty their prayers with ours, and command them to swear fidelity to us and to our successor, his Imperial Highness the hereditary Grand Duke Nicolai Alexandrovitch.

Given at St. Petersburg, Anno Domini 1881, and the first year of our reign.

A salute fired by cannon on the fortress announced the conclusion of the ceremonies connected with the ascension of Alexander III., to the throne. The space before the palace was covered with people when the Emperor and Empress passed through the road on their way to Kazan Cathedral amidst deafening acclamations.

The Czar handed over to Gen. Melikoff the entire direction of affairs and has summoned deputations from the country at large to consult upon the best means to adopt against anarchy and sedition. The garrison was kept up ready all night in case a disturbance should occur. A large number of Cossacks patrolled the streets. It is persistently stated that Gen. Melikoff had some days previous to the murder unearthed the plot and entreated the Czar not to expose himself publicly.

Gen. Melikoff announces that one assassin has been captured but the police made many arrests.

Communist Vaporing.

NEW YORK, March 15.—In an interview Justus Schwab said: "In America the fate which has overtaken Alexander has point. There are those in the United States who should heed the warning, for it bodes disaster to some among us in high places."

"To whom do you refer?"

"I need not particularize; but the heads of American monopolies have cause to tremble. They are oppressing the people of the land, and for just such oppression Alexander was killed."

"And you decline to name these monopolists who are thus inviting death?"

"Well, I am willing to mention Jay Gould and William H. Vanderbilt as representatives of the class to whom I refer."

"Do you mean to aver that there is really danger in their being served as was the Czar?"

"The *men, mene, tekel upharsin* is written. It is plain to the eyes of all men. American monopolists, Gould and Vanderbilt and others, had better consider well their future actions. I have nothing further to say."

More Arrests in St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 16.—The Grand Duke Vladimir was yesterday appointed to the command of the imperial guard.

The remains of the Emperor were removed at 8 o'clock last evening from the cabinet adjoining the reception hall to the chapel of the palace. The officer who helped raise the Czar says that he retained sufficient consciousness to request to be taken to the palace to die.

A statement from the Minister of the Interior that one of the chief organizers of the attack upon the Czar, who was arrested on March 11, has confessed his complicity in planning the deed, and denounced Ronssakoff in person. The house from which the boms were obtained has been discovered. As soon as the police appeared the male occupant of the house shot himself, but a woman living with him was arrested. This morning a young man entered the house and was immediately arrested, but not until he had fired a revolver six times, wounding three officers.

Pigeons and Glass Balls.

LONDON, March 16.—In the second stage of the pigeon shooting match for the championship of the world, at Hendon, yesterday, Dr. Carver beat Turner, 38 birds to 33; Gordon beat Hodlow, 36 to 33; Scott beat Beevor, 35 to 34, Graham beat Radnor, 38 to 34, and Gordon beat Cavendish, 34 to 32. The third round of the contest will begin to-moorow, when Graham will shoot against Carver and Gordon against Scott. The winners of these two heats will then shoot the final round of 100 birds each. The sixth nights shooting in the glass ball match between Dr. Carver and Mr. Scott brought the scores up to, Scott, 5,824; Carver, 5,811. Mr. Scott broke 640 balls in succession.

A Young Girl Killed With an Axe.

A dispach to the New Orleans *Democrat* from Little Rock reports a horrible murder at Jonesboro, Craigmead county, Arkansas. Mattie Ismael, 18 years of age, was left alone in the house while her father went to a mill. On his return he found his daughter lying on the floor weltering in a pool of blood. She had been murdered with a club or an axe. The object of the murder was robbery. Her father being wealthy, it was supposed there was a large sum of money in the house. The place was ransacked, but no money was found. A number of negroes have been arrested.

A Shocking Tragedy.

STILLWATER, MINN., March, 17.—A singular and horrible uxoricide is exciting the people of this county. Late on Monday night John Tolan, entering the parlor of Willhoue's hotel at Marine, a little town ten miles from here, and finding his wife sitting on a sofa with her babe in her arms and two other children by her side, leveled a Winchester rifle at her and remarking that she had "gone back on him," fired. The first shot missed, but before John Hackerson and John Faust, with whom she had been conversing, could interfere he fired again, lodging a ball in his wife's breast, which penetrated her heart and killed her instantly. Tolan is a muscular man of fifty and often drank heavily. No one dared to interfere with him, as he was evidently insane, and when the officers arrived he was in full possession, swearing with maniac ferocity that he would shoot anyone who interfered. His wife lay on the lounge rigid, her eyes starting from their sockets, and her children by her side. The officers secured him and he was brought here to jail, and it is yet a question whether he shall be treated as maniac or a murderer. For some months he has ceased drinking, but had become possessed of the hallucination that one of his best friends had conspired to kill him, and now says his wife was in the plot. His sister, who is a spiritualist, undoubtedly aided him in this strange notion.

The New York World's Fair.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The Executive Committee of the World's Fair Commission yesterday adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the members of the Commission and Executive and Finance Committees agree to complete the first $1,000,000 either by personal subscriptions, or by supscriptions which they may obtain from others by the 15th of April, on the condition that transportation companies subscribe to the capital stock $1,000,000, and that the citizens of New York not represented by companies and connected with the Commission and other than subscribers now on the books will subscribe $1,000,000.

If the amount specified is not raised by April 15th it is likely the project will be abandoned. The total sum now subscribed is $956,500.

Taking Terrible Revenge.

GALVESTON, March 17.—A special from Dallas says a horrible murder is reported from Kiowa reservation, Indian Territory. The victim was a Mississippian named Peter Cook, and the assassin a Louisianian named Toney Pino, a brother-in-law. At the close of the war Cook and three friends disguised in the United States Cavalry uniform raided Pino's premises, robbed his safe of $1,600, ravished his sister-in-law and fled. Pino swore vengeance and for fifteen years has been searching for Cook.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

Malone's Commission Signed.

WASHINTON, March 15.—The announcement some weeks ago in these dispatches of the evident intention of the Treasury Department to appoint Mr. Malone resident superintendent of the new public building at Pittsburg was carried out by the signing of the commission of that gentleman to-day. Balf, Boyd and Hornblower were his chief competitors. The foundation plans for the new building are completed and the contracts for excavation awarded, and as soon as these are finished the work on the foundation will begin. It is intended to make considerable headway during the present working season.

Getting Down to Business.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 15.—The President has given it out that after the present week it will be necessary to give more attention to public business, and the hours of receiving will be necessarily restricted. Since his accession to the Presidency he is occupied in receiving the congrtulations of friends and the formal visits of delegations for various purposes, mainly to present the claims of their States or localities for recognition in the dispensation of patronage. He hopes, now that the pressure is largely over, to get the affairs of his administration in running order this week.

Congratulating Mahone.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Governor Foster and Representative Butterworth joined in a congratulatory note to Senator Mahone and sent it to him. The Senator was very much pleased by the friendliness of the act, coming as it did from comparative strangers. They congratulated Mr. Mahone upon his effective answer to the insinuation of Mr. Hill. The note contained sentiments substantially the same as expressed by Senator Hoar. It was signed by Governor Foster and Representative Butterworth, but expressed the sentiments of a vast majority of Republicans in Washington.

Terse Telegrams.

Gen. Philip S. Crooke, of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday night.

R. C. Welsh, supposed to be the leader of a band of Texas stage robbers, has been arrested.

The remains of General Upton will be sent east from California, with a guard of honor of the Fourth artillery.

A cotton mill is to be built immediately at Charleston, S. C., by parties investing a capital of $400,000.

The Greenback Central Club, of San Francisco, has adopted resolutions endorsing the assassination of the Czar.

Several new narrow gauge railroads are contemplated in Colorado. Work on some of them has already commenced.

Jacob Everett, a drunken man of Fayette county, Ohio, after a prolonged spree, was refused liquor, but drank a quantity of turpentine and died from the effects.

There is a deficit in Ashulot Savings Bank, of Winchester, N. H., probably amounting to $100,000. Treasurer Elleroy Albre has assigned his property to the bank.

Vignaux, the French billiard champion, is likely to come to this country and play matches in Chicago and New York. Slosson, Sexton and Schaeffer are ready to meet him.

Thomas Johns, a prominent grain merchant of Wixom, Michigan, was assaulted and robbed of $500 Wednesday night by a farm hand in the employ of John's father-in-law.

Cyrenius P. Black, of Tuscola, has been nominated by the Democrats of the Seventh Michigan Congressional district to fill the vacancy occasioned by Conger's election to the Senate.

One Williamson has been arrested at Jordan, Michigan, for swindling farmers by the patent hay-fork trick securing signatures to a note represented to be a contract to act as agent.

It is given out in New York that General Grant will have nothing to do with the World's Fair project. His Mexican enterprises will prevent him from giving the scheme the attention it deserves.

MR. P. T. BARNUM is a showman and has practised several arrant impositions on the public, but there is food for reflection by others on what he said a few days ago after recovering from a severe illnes. In speaking of his feelings and thoughts when confined to his bed he uttered these words: "I looked back and could hardly recall a benefit I had rendered to my fellow-men all my life. The folly, the stupidity of fooling away the few years given to us here in childish strifes, bickerings and differences, occurred to me so strongly that the sun would never go down on me cherishing malice in my heart against a single fellow being."

A Graceful and Proper Act.

At a meeting to-day of the National Association of Mexican Veterans, General Tom Taylor, who was in the Confederate service, moved that the name of a colored man present who was a servant of Colonel Henry Clay at the battle of Buena Vista and took him off the field, should have his name added to the roll of Mexican veterans, and the motion was unanimously carried, and as the colored man came forward and bowed his acknowledgements, there was a hearty applause. This was certainly in every way a graceful tribute to one who, as a servant, had braved all the dangers of the war, and was none the less a true man because a slave, and faithfully serving his master, even to his expiring moments.

None perhaps so well as Southerners can know how much of loyalty, truth and devotion there is in an old family servant like this, leaving all he held dear and going to war in a foreign and to him an unknown country to take care of and if need be die for his young master. We are disposed to thank General Taylor and the veterans all for this graceful and proper tribute to one whose courage and devotion proved him deserving to be ranked with soldiers and patriots, coming, as it did from the passing generation that had all the Southern prejudices, and from a body many, if not most, of whom are Democrats and ex-Confederates. It is a pleasant and hopeful indication, which we think will be pleasantly received and thought of throughout the country.—*Louisville Commercial.*

After Sixty-Eight Years.

The Mechanicsburg *Journal* says a brother and sister, supposing each other dead, have met after sixty-eight years separation and then adds:

"Mrs. Pifer, an aged resident of Myrerstown, Lebanon county, whose maiden name was Katie Stoey, had a son in Harrisburg, boarding with the family of Mr. Isaac Smith, on Two-and-Half street. After being there six months he found out that Mrs. Smith's maiden name was also Katie Stoey. There not being any living to their knowledge, except Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, who is a distant relative, inquiry was at once made, revealing the fact that the old lady was a sister of George W. B. Stoey, one of the oldest men in this county, who now resides seven miles north of Mechanicsburg. A reunion was at once organized. Mrs. Pifer and family, with her son-in-law and family, proceeded to Harrisburg, where they were joined by Mr. Smith's family on their way to Mechanicsburg, where they received hearty welcome at the residence of F. E. Rodgers whose wife is also a daughter of Mr. Stoey. From this place the four proceeded by private conveyance to Mr. Stoey's who did not know his sister, but was nonplussed to find a strange woman laughing at him and propounding questions to him in Dutch. Finally, when the case was properly unveiled the occasion proved to be a pleasant one. The aged couple looked well and healthy, and bid fair to live out the short balance of the century.

WHY WE COMMENCE DINNER WITH SOUP.—A clear soup disappears almost immediately after entering the stomach, and in no way interferes with the gastric juice which is stored in its appropriate cells ready for action. The habit of commencing dinner with soup has, without doubt the origin in the fact that ailment in this fluid form—in fact, ready digested—soon enters the blood and rapidly refreshes the hungry man, who after a considerable fast and much activity, sits down with a sense of exhaustion to commence his principal meal. In two or three minutes after he has taken a plate of good warm soup the feeling of exhaustion disappears, and irritability gives way to the gradually rising sense of goodfellow-ship with the circle.

Some persons have the custom of allaying exhaustion with a glass of sherry before food—a gastronomic no less than a physiological blunder, injuring the stomach and destroying the palate. The soup introduces at once into the system a small installment of ready-digested food and saves the short period of time which must be spent by the stomach in deriving some nutriment from solid ailment, as well as indirectly strengthening the organ of digestion itself for its forthcoming duties.

HOARDING OF GOLD.—What becomes of gold? The New York *Public*, a paper devoted to financial subjects, calls attention to the fact that "gold which goes out of New York seems to stay out." On the first of October, 1880, there was held by the treasury and all the banks of the country $230,615,000 of gold, and on January 1, 1881, there was held in the same institution $147, 532,000, an increase of only $16,916,000, during the three months. The yearly production of gold was $38,522,000, one-fourth of which was $8,380,000, and the net imports were $41,500,000; deducting the increase in all the banks and in the treasury, and no less than $33,000,00 of gold vanished from sight during those three months. During January not a dollar of it had returned. Where has it gone? It is very evident that the gold which has been accumulating in the country for some time is finding peaceful absorption in domestic repositories. It is not put away in banks, nor invested in bonds, nor stocks, nor in speculation. In fact, it is hoarded, quietly put away in sums ranging from $20 to $500 or $1,000, to be kept to meet some future payment or use. This hoarding is going on all over the country, but especially on the West, —*Chicago Tribune.*

Joy is the feeling that you are better off than your neighbor.

A Nest-Building Fish.

In ponds and trenches near the Ganges a pretty little fish is found called the rainbow fish; it is characterized by its brilliant colors, and by the presence of a long filament substituted for the ventral fins. Some curious facts have lately been given by M. Carbonnier as to the nest-building habits of this animal. Seizing a little conferva plant with his mouth, he raises it to the surface. Left there the plant would sink, but the little fish obtains some air bubbles and places them at ntervals under it as a support. Repeating the process several times he thus produces, the first day, a small floating island. Next day he continues the supply of air, and accumulates the bubbles toward the central part the effect being to produce a sort of vegetable dome, balanced on the surface. He then makes a rim for it, with the same materials, plants and bubbles; and, going inside, he smooths and softens the interior surface. The female is then solicited to enter. After laying her eggs the female withdraws, leaving to the male fish the education of his family. He deposits the eggs with care, separately, in the raised part of the nest. At a later period, when he sees they need a different medium and treatment, he rises in the middle of the dome nd bursts it, letting the bubbles escape; whereupon the structure flattens in the water, with the imprisoned embryos, which are beginning to appear in a new stage of existence. To prevent their escape he tears the flat rim of the nest into a sort of hanging fringe. For sometime he exercises great surveillance over the progeny, till their frequent escapes and excursions announces the end of his fatigues, which occurs some eight or ten days after the flattening of the nest.

"Reform" In Funerals.

The *Times* says a new thing in funerals has sprung up in New York; or, as a luminous contemporary expresses it "a new fashion destined yet to become popular, is being quietly introduced into funerals" of that enterprising and inventive city. The kernel of the reform finds expression in a few words in the customary advertisement of the mortuary event in the public print: "Interment at the convenience of the family." This announcement leaves the "family" free to bury its deceased member in peace and quietness at any time that suits it, and at the same time does away with the carriage nuisance that involves free transportation to and from the cemetery of a lot of people who do not care a button for the dead man's memory and who attend the funeral only because it is the cheese to do that sort of thing. Under the new funeral rules people will get more comfort and less bother. However, the reformers do not dare to cut away all the useless ceremony at a single blow, and so they propose to divide funerals into sections: the ceremonial and the actual. The ceremonial funerals, as nearly as we can get at the meaning of the suggested scheme, is to be something between a wake and a fancy ball, an affair at the house in the evening including services to any extent desired and to which everybody will be invited, followed by the actual funeral early the next morning in which only the members of the family will take part. The reason why the ceremonial funeral is to take place in the evening is because "business men, society men, employers and employes can then attend without losing a moment of office or factory time." All this seems rather odd, yet mingled with its oddity there is a considerable amount of common sense. But the scheme is incomplete. How can men working on morning newspapers go to funeral frolics in the evening or to funerals before noon?

Fashion Notes.

All the new bonnets have strings.

Evening shoes of plush are richly embroidered.

Black gloves are often beaded high up the arm.

Spanish lace trims silk most effectively.

Large hats in the Charles IX. style are becoming popular.

Pale pink suits olive complexion and hair of an uncertain brownish tint.

Evening shoes are still worn very pointed in the toes and cut down very low, so that a great deal of the stocking is shown.

Ball gloves are trimmed with lace and row over row of insersion being let in a frill either just above or below the elbow.

The Odalisque slipper of black satin, is embroidered with beads and has a thick, twisted fringe of chenille around the instep.

New styles of walking boots are of chamois cloth and glazed kid, with buttons and button holes placed perpendicularly on the side.

Spanish bonnets are composed of skillfully draped lace, with a long spray of flowers falling from the midst of the folds on the left shoulder.

The colors now worn are almost precisely those that were fashionable in this country in 1795. The aniline tints and shades are of course new, but the others are mere repetitions.

Stockings must match the dress, not only the plain color of it, but must be worked with the same flowers or embroidered to match the trimmings with silk or beads.

Graceful and becoming are the coiffures of white marabout feathers tipped with gold or silver, or with jet for mourning, and others of white plush ornamented with pearls.

There is a romance in figures. A young man met a girl, her, married her, and took her on a wedding tour.

Humorous.

"Martyrimonial" is the way lots of men spell it now.

"One Lung" is a Chinese laundryman in Brooklyn.

A true republican should be a custard pie—no upper crust.

Getting the points on an adversary—Fighting him with a pitchfork.

The only way to make a boy sit still is to tell him not to stop squirming.

Darwin must be right. Half the people of the present day are tale bearers.

An old sea captain says that he doesn't love his wife when she throws her rancor at him.

Society never finds out that a woman is lovely and accomplished until her husband becomes rich.

It is the dream of the poet to "live on," though it is difficult for some of them to get anything to live on.

The Egyptian emblem of a snake with its tail in its mouth was the earliest sign of the "swallow tail."

Some Milwaukee ask the appointment of female police officers. Well, a pretty woman could capture almost anybody.

Dramatic authors are well paid in the long run. It is the play that stops after the first night that is not profitable.

Wheat is "thrashed" for the purpose of getting out the grain; a boy is "thrashed" to get out the chaff.—*New Haven Register*

If the revised edition of the Bible will only make it a sin to read a borrowed newspaper, the success of the work will be assured.

The Boston *Journal* says "the Princess Louise is fond of music and a good singer," but it does not give the singer's name.—*New York Post.*

Now that the army is fitted out with cork helmets, it will be necessary to furnish the Indians with corkscrews instead of scalping knives.

Disputed Colerado mining claims seldom bother the courts over a week. By that time one of the parties is dead and the other busy in the shaft.

Princeton college is in a row over the query as to whether oysters were made before man. Meanwhile the happy clam is rolling in fat on the sandy shore, indifferent as to precedence and careless as to chowder.

AN INVALUBLE ARTICLE.—The readers of the *Argus* have no doubt seen the advertisement of Ely's Cream Balm in another column. An article like "Cream Balm" has long been desired, and now that it is within the reach of sufferers from Catarrh, Hay Fever, etc., there is every reason to believe they will make the most of it. Dr W. E. Buckman, W. E. Hamman, Druggist, and other Eastonians have given it a trial, and all recommend it in the highest terms.—*Easton, Pa., Daily Argus.* 11-2t

Speer's Port Wine.

Is recommended by physicians above all others as a general stimulant, tonic and diuretic. It is something they can prescribe to patients with confidence, knowing they are using an article that is strictly pure, and possesses the highest medical virtues.

Charles A. Seeley, a skillful chemist of New York city, after making a careful and thorough analysis, says: "I have examined the wine with the view of determining the presence or absence of various injurious substances which are contained in so-called Port wines, such as logwood, crude spirits, etc I have not found any of these substances in Mr. Speer's wine, and it does not contain anything but what is found in pure, Grape juice wines. For sale by J. Zeller & Son. 11-2t

John B. Gough admits that if one of his suspender-buttons had given way during his first public lecture his oratory would never have been heard of again. The world may be said to rest on pins and needles.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A Good Wife.

The good housewife, when she is giving her house its spring renovating, should bear in mind that the dear inmates of her house are more precious than many houses, and that their systems need cleansing by purifying the blood, regulating the stomach and bowels to prevent and cure the diseases arising from spring malaria and miasma, and she must know there is nothing that will do it so perfectly and surely as Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines.—*Concord, N. H. Patriot.* 11-2t

The canary had begun to twitter a little after molting, but was unable to sing his entire time. The little four year old, after listening to one of the bird's vain attempts to master his tune, said, very composedly: "Mamma, birdie only sang half a verse."

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms of moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, as if pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected; if allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "Dr Swayne's All-Healing Ointment" is a pleasant sure cure. Also the Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotches, all Scaly, Crusty, Cutaneous Eruptions. Price 50 cents. 3 boxes for $1.25. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price in currency, or three cent postage stamps. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., to whom letters should be addressed. Sold by all prominent druggists. 12-7-1y

The Late Senator Carpenter.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

On the morning after the legislative ballot had been cast which recalled Mr. Carpenter to public life, a special train had been secured which was to convey the Senator-elect and his friends from Madison to Milwaukee. No intimation had been given of the ovation that awaited him in Cream city. A gentleman who accompanied the Senatorial party described the scene to a *Times* representative last evening. He said it was the most effective demonstration of popular regard he had ever witnessed.

The sleighing was splendid, and every sleigh and vehicle on runners in the city of Milwaukee, and from the towns and villages and farms surrounding for miles about, had been secured for the occassion. When the special train reached the depot, substantially the entire population of Milwaukee and neighboring towns was at the depot to meet him. Salvos of artillery and the strains of a score of brass bands deafened the air. Mrs. Carpenter, the wife of the Senator, and his daughter and little son were at the depot. Mrs. Carpenter remained seated in a magnificent sleigh drawn by six horses, white as the snow itself, which had been procured to convey the hero of the hour to the chamber of commerce, where the formal ceremonies of welcome and congratulation were to be extended. Mr. Carpenter's little boy however, had been designated to welcome the beloved father, the popular citizen, and the adored idol of the people. He had been placed upon a pedestal so that he could greet his father as he stepped on the platform of the car. When Senator Carpenter appeared a stiliness fell upon the dense, surging mass as if inspired by magic. The child's silvery voice could be heard exclaiming, as he threw his arms about his father's neck and kissed him: "Father, mother told me to kiss you first." The incident was a touching one. The Senator clasped his child closely to his bosom and descended from the cars, while such hazzas went up from the assembled thousands as were never heard in Milwaukee before and have never been heard since. Carrying the child to the sleigh, where his wife waited to receive him, the procession took up its march, the friends who accompanied the S nator being provided with sleighs that succeded that of the Senator. The sidewalks were thronged,and it was with difficulty that the pageant could make its way. All along the route crows pressed about the sleighs that contained the Senator and his friends, to grasp him by the hand.

Every Man his own Reporter.

Letter in Buffalo Express.

I have seen inventions by which every man may become his own washerwoman. To-day I saw one by which every man, and woman too, may become his or her own stenographer. It is a sort of polyglot patent "type-writer," improved. I believe Italy gave the world the first newspaper; now she gives the last shorthand reporter. This stenographer is a piano key-board with signs of the Pittman phonographic style. As you play as on the "type-writer," so you sign as with the phonetic pencil. There is a tape or ribbon of paper of the ordinary telegraphic "clicker" shape revolving and receiving the signs by the agency of automatic mechanism given force and intelligence by the operator.

Perhaps the machine should be called a phonetic-stenographer, for its first feature of impression is sound and then writing. The operator today was a novice. He,however, proved the practicability of the machine thoroughly. Some persons present made speeches in French and in Italian, and though the operator only knew the former language,he correctly reported the speech in the latter. Sixty words a minute were accurately reported in a language unknown to this novice. An English book was read at the rate of fifty words per minute and the same successful result recorded. Some experts on ordinary shorthand were pitted against the machine, and the daughter of the inventor distanced them at a high pressure of words and in a language she knew not. I am told that this machine, in company with the ordinary American "type-writer," can be made a very useful stationary adjunct to reporters' galleries in legislative halls, etc., for "taking down" a report and reproducing it in printed "copy" in less time and with greater legibility than anything known.

DIDN'T SWEAR HIMSELF.—A Philadelphia anecdote, forty years old, but possibly new to cold type, is told by a correspondent of the Boston *Commonwealth*. The subject was the venerable Cromwell Barnard, a member of the Society of Friends, and skipper of the sloop Union, of Nantucket, then being at a Philadelphia wharf. Bernard was promenading the quarterdeck, when a schooner, hauling out of the dock, fell afoul of the Union, and the schooner's captain began to swear vociferously. Of course it didn't do any good, and as Bernard took no notice of it the captain yelled in a perfectly audible voice that he was an old shad-belly, prefixing a participle that is usually considered to be eminently profane. Mr. Barnard couldn't stand this, so he called down the main hatchway to the mate: "Zimry! Zimry! come on deck and talk some of thy language to this man alongside."

"I'm sitting on the style, Mary," he warbled, as he unconsciously plunked himself on her new white bonnet. "Oh, whisper what thou feelest," she murmured, as she promptly introduced an inch and a half of shawl-pin through his epidermis.—*Elevated Railway Journal.*

The National Guard.

In commenting on the display made in the inaugural parade at Washington by the National Guard of this State, the New York *Herald* says:

If the present organization of the National Guard of Pennsylvania can be kept up for a few years longer, and constantly increases its efficiency in points of detail, as it naturally will if the organization is undisturbed, it bids fair to at last solve the militia problem in a satisfactory manner, *i. e.*, to provide a body of soldiery really efficient in case of emergency, either for the State or National purposes, and yet not wholly to abstract its members from the productive energies of peaceful occupations. From a population of about four and a quarter millions, Pennsylvania sent here to-day seven thousand well-equipped and organized soldiers, or about one in six hundred of the population. Could the great States of New York, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Virginia and Kentucky, with their population of fifteen and sixteen millions, have an equally well-organizen force in proportion to their numbers, we should then have in reality a National Guard, as well as a State Guard in each State, greater in size than our regular army. Is it not worth while for the large and more thickly settled States to soberly consider whether such force, organized on a uniform basis, would not more than repay its cost?

PRESENTS.—A present, it is said, should be rare, new, and suitable; neither so priceless as to be worth nothing in itself, nor yet so costly as to bring an obligation on the receiver. We know of no such cautious niceties between friends. The giver, indeed, must have a right to bestow; but let this be the case,and a straw from such a hand shall be worth a sceptre from another. A keepsake in particular, as it implies something very intimate and cordial, as above these ceremonious niceties. We may see what people think of the real value of keepsakes by the humble ones which they do not hesitate to bestow in wills. Petrarch, it is true, when he bequeathed a winter garment to his friend Boccaccio to study in,apologized for "leaving so poor a memorial to so great a man;" but this was only to show the other man's merits; he knew that the very grace of the apology supplied all the riches it lamented the loss of, and Boccaccio, when he sat enveloped in his warm gown, would feel "wrapped up in his friend." Something that has been about a friend's person completes the value of a keepsake. Thus people bequeath their very hearts to their friends, or even to places they have been attached to; and this is what gives a lock of hair a value above all other keepsakes; it is a part of the individual's self. Franklin made no apology when he left Washington his "fine crab tree walking stick, with a gold head curiously wrought in the form of the cap of liberty."

Australia, with Tasmania, is only little less in size than Europe. The hottest climate in the world probably occurs in the desert interior of Australia. Captain Stuart hung a thermometer on a tree shaded from both sun and wind. It was graduated to 127 degrees Fahrenheit; yet so great was the heat of the air that the mercury rose till it burst the tube, and the temperature must have been at least 128 degrees Fahrenheit—apparently the highest ever recorded in any part of the world. For three months Captain Stuart found the mean temperature to be over 101 degrees Fahrenheit in the shade. Nevertheless, on the southern mountains and table-lands three feet of snow sometimes falls in a day. Snow storms have been known to last three weeks, the snow lying from four to fifteen feet in depth, and burying the cattle.

THE OLDEST LETTER-CARRIER.—The oldest letter-carrier in the United States is living in Washington. In 1816 he helped organize the Foundry church, of which the ex-President and Mrs. Hayes were attendants. In 1823 he was given the place of postman His charge for carrying was two cents a letter. He had also to collect the postage, which was six cents for distances under thirty miles, and four cents for each additional thirty miles. He drove about in a wagon shaped like a boat. The turnout was designed by the postman, Mr. Kennedy. It was named "Desire," and on the prow was a carrier-dove holding in its bill a letter. President Van Buren so admired the turnout that he purchased it, put it on runners and used it for a grand state sleigh.

If "time proves all things," as they say, then we wish it would hurry up and prove a counterfeit dollar we took in change to be a good one.—*Steubenville Herald.*

"Papa, how do editors get in free at all the shows?" "Well, sonny, as a general rule, they give five dollars' worth of advertising for a twenty-five cent ticket."

The electric light is making sure and safe progress. Before long the joyous tramp can sit on the curbstone all night and read about the stagnation of labor in the finest print.

Mrs. Spaggins was boasting of her new house. The windows, she said, were all stained. "That's too bad; but won't turpentine or benzine wash it off?" asked the good Mrs. Oldbody.

A young woman applied at the relief bureau in Galveston the other day with a paper containing the following: "This unfortunate woman is the only daughter of an old and childless father, and she supports several younger brothers by her work. —*News*

New Advertisements.

PAIN KILLER
A MEDICINE CHEST IN ITSELF
A PURELY VEGETABLE MEDICINE
For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.
THE OLDEST BEST & MOST WIDELY KNOWN FAMILY MEDICINE.

A SURE CURE for all the diseases for which it is recommended, and always *perfectly safe* in the hands of even the most inexperienced persons.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

Is recommended by Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Work-Shops, and Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals—in short by *everybody everywhere* who has ever given it a trial.

IT HAS STOOD THE TEST OF FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

PAIN KILLER should have a place in every factory, machine-shop, and mill, on every farm and plantation, and in every household, ready for immediate use not only for accidents, cuts, bruises, sores, etc., but in case of sudden sickness of any kind.

PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of all who want **internally or externally** without fear of harm and with **certainty** of relief. a **sure** and **safe medicine** which can be **freely used**

Its price brings it within the reach of all; and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills. For sale by all druggists at 25c. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providence, R. I.

SILKS,
VELVETS,
DRESS GOODS,
SUITS,
CLOAKS,
INFANTS' OUTFITS,
ULSTERS,
SHAWLS,
WRAPS,
HOSIERY,
CLOTHS,
BOYS' CLOTHING,
CLOAKINGS,
UNDERWEAR,
FRINGES,
BUTTONS,
GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
LACES,
EMBROIDERIES,
INSERTINGS,
RIBBONS,
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

DRY GOODS

BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.

In Silks, we have thousands of dollars' worth of makes known to wear well, at moderate prices—sometimes job lots *very cheap*. In Dress Goods, our assortment of novelties and staples was never better. We have cheap but good fabrics, to as high as you wish to pay. The Paris novelties are unusually attractive. In Cloaks and Ulsters, we are told we have the best assortment in Philadelphia. In Ladies' Underwear, the exhibit is unrivaled, while the Upholstery display was never better. Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., etc., in latest colorings and styles. Send for

OUR "FIRESIDE SHOPPING GUIDE."

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IMPORTERS AND RETAILERS,
832, 834, 836, 838 Market St.
PHILADELPHIA.

Established 1852. Mention this paper.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

This Space is Reserved for

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, &c.

HUMES' BLOCK, ALLEGHENY STREET

BELLEFONTE, PA.

1855—1881

Baughs's Fertilizers have stood Field Tests of Twenty-Five Years.

BUSHELS, NOT ACRES.

SAVE MONEY BY USING

Baugh's Twenty-Five Dollar Phosphates,

Price $25.00 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds.

Baugh's Economical Fertilizer for Potatoes,

Containing 4 to 5 per cent. of Sulphate of Potash.

Price $30.00 per Ton of 2,000 Ponnds.

ALL GOODS SOLD ON A GUARANTEED ANALYSIS. Descriptive Circulars sent free upon application.

BAUGH & SONS, 20 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

9-13] For sale by J. T. LONG, Flemington, Pa., Agent for Clinton and Centre Counties.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A.M	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 25
Flemington	5 29	4 30
Mill Hall	5 34	4 35
Beech Creek	5 56	4 45
Eagleville	5 55	4 50
Howard	6 09	5 01
Mount Eagle	6 18	5 10
Curtin	6 25	5 15
Milesburg	6 36	5 25
Bellefonte	6 46	5 35
Milesburg	6 56	5 45
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 48
Unionville	7 09	5 57
Julian	7 18	6 08
Martha	7 27	6 17
Port Matilda	7 35	6 25
Hannah	7 42	6 33
Fowler	7 48	6 36
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 47
Vail	7 59	6 51
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	7 02
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 32	8 48
East Tyrone	7 39	8 55
Vail	7 42	8 58
Bald Eagle	7 47	9 02
Hannah	7 55	9 13
Port Matilda	8 00	9 19
Martha	8 07	9 25
Julian	8 15	9 32
Unionville	8 23	9 39
Snow Shoe Int	8 32	9 45
Milesburg	8 34	9 48
Bellefonte	8 43	9 57
Milesburg	8 54	10 08
Curtin	9 06	19 19
Mount Eagle	9 12	10 25
Howard	9 20	10 37
Eagleville	9 38	10 49
Beech Creek	9 40	10 54
Mill Hall	9 54	11 16
Flemington	9 57	11 20
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 01	11 25

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 7, 1880:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		12 15 p m
" arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 20 p m
" " Renovo		5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 55 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		12 20 a m
" " Harrisburg		4 00 p m
" " Williamsport		7 55 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		9 10 p m
EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		7 05 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 37 a m
" " Williamsport		8 20 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		12 05 p m
" " Philadelphia		3 45 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 25 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 35 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		9 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 10 p m
" " Williamsport		11 30 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 15 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 15 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains. Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.10 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.15 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.00 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.12 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Van Dyke's SULPHUR SOAP

Is superior to all other soaps. It is combined with Sulphur in its pure, unadulterated state, which enters the pores of the skin, being absorbed into the blood through the minute capillaries, and thus acts upon the skin, whether it is healthy or in a diseased condition, both locally and constitutionally, thereby eliminating all impurities from the blood, and exciting the skin to healthy action. It produces a fineness, purity, and freshness of the complexion which is unequalled, and can be produced by no other means. No toilet, nursery or bath room is complete without it. It makes the skin pure, clear, white and healthy; is cleansing, deodorizing, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, ulcers, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve itching piles when nothing else will have any effect. Ask for VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP; insist upon it, and take no imitation. Sold by druggists. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, 301 Callowhill street, Philadelphia. 12-20-1y

BENJ. F. GRAFTON. STORY B. LADD.
HALBERT E. PAINE,

Late Commissioner of Patents.

PATENTS

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Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents.

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Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlet sent free on receipt of stamp for postage. 12-35tf

Have You Ever Known

Any person to be seriously ill without a weak stomach or inactive liver or kidneys? And when these organs are in good condition do you not find their possessor enjoying good health? **Parker's Ginger Tonic** always regulates these important organs, and never fails to make the blood rich and pure, and to strengthen every part of the system. It has cured hundreds of despairing invalids. Ask your neighbor about it. 10-4t

MINING STOCK FOR SALE.

The Carbonate Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Leadville, Col., own more valuable Gold and Silver Mines than any other Company in the State. The stock is ten dollars per share, full paid up and non-assessable. They now offer a limited number of shares for sale through the undersigned, at $2.00 per share. References and information cheerfully given. Direct all orders and communications to BOYD, 144 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. P. Box 1064 12-12-1y

Rose of Cashmere Hair Tonic.

THIS preparation is made from the roses of the Valley of Cashmere, and is entirely from sulphur, lead and other poisonous and irritating substances. It is richly perfumed and renders the use of pomades, hair oils, &c., unnecessary. It preserves, softens and beautifies the hair and gives it a rich lustre. It is excellent for an irritating or inflamed scalp. It never turns rancid. Your druggist sells a large bottle for 50 cents. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, 3d and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia, Pa. 12-20-1y 13-2

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools.

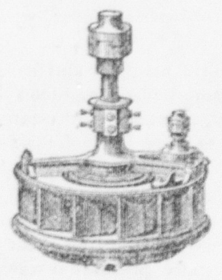
RAKES FORKS SCYTHES SNATHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



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PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

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ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-8-4f

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE B

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

Risleys Witch Hazel.

Cures Headache, Burns, Sprains, Cuts, Wounds, Rheumatism, Toothache, Earache, etc., etc. Warranted equal to any made, at half the price. 6 oz. Bottles 25c. Pint Bottles 50c. Qts. $1. Have your druggist order, if he has none in stock, of

CHARLES F. RISLEY & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, 64 Cortlandt St., New York City. 3-3m

JOB PRINTING

Done in the best manner at lowest rates at Bellefonte REPUBLICAN Office.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Whitewash artists will soon be in demand.

—Tramps are now called "turnpike tourists."

—Mud schooners could be utilized to advantage on some of our streets.

—James Milliken, Esq., arrived home on Saturday night from Philadelphia.

—The season of house cleaning and cold victuals will be due in a few days. Ugh!

—The old freight house of the Snow Shoe railroad received a general cleaning out on Saturday.

—Miss Annie Herdic, of Williamsport, is visiting in Bellefonte, the guest of Mrs. John Ardell.

—Mr. Samuel Thompson, one of the stalwart Republicans of Snow Shoe, dropped in to see us Friday.

—Washington Johnson, whose life had been despaired of, is slowly convalescing. Mr. Johnson is one of our prominent colored citizens.

—The sooner the rubbish and filth is gathered up and cleared from the streets the sooner one of the great causes of scarlet fever will be removed.

—Sheriff Spangler and son, with a jury composed of eighteen Philipsburgers, appraised the estate of the Stephens heirs, in Rush township, on Wednesday.

—Saturday was about as disagreeable day as we care to see. It managed to rain eleven hours out of the twelve, but, then, we presume it was beneficial in many ways.

—Mr. James H. Mann, brother of Fearon Mann, of this place, and proprietor of the Lewistown Axe Works, has purchased a controlling interest in the Tyrone works.

—Gregg Post, G. A. R., attended the funeral of Mr. Henry Eckenroth, at Pleasant Gap, Sunday in a body. The funeral was the largest that has taken place in that vicinity in many years.

—The handle manufactory of Shutt & Paulsen, at Howard, is doing a flourishing business. The factory is now turning out ten dozen handles per day, and is regarded as an important industry in that place.

—Large flocks of wild geese have been noticed flying northward in some of the adjoining counties. None have been seen in this vicinity yet, and if any have passed over they have been unusually quiet about it.

—A meeting of the Bellefonte Temperance Union was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms Thursday evening. The exercises at these meetings are very interesting, and the attendance should be much larger than it generally is.

—Mr. Robbins, daughter and niece, who have been giving piano instructions in this place for several weeks, took their departure on Saturday, and several young men we might mention are looking somewhat blue in consequence.

—Street Commissioner Shaughensy says that he and his gang will start out on their annual street-cleaning tour in about two weeks. While they are about it they may as well spend several days in improving the condition of the crossings.

—The lecture at the Court House Monday night by Anna M. Baker, on "Both Sides of Life," was deeply interesting throughout, and heartily enjoyed by the good audience present. The lady has a very pleasing delivery, understands her subject well, and speaks without notes.

—Mr. William J. Nicolls, general manager for Berwind, White & Co., the new coal company recently organized in Snow Shoe, arrived in town on Friday to take charge of the firm's affairs. He is at present located at the Snow Shoe office, but will shortly establish an office in Snow Shoe.

—The following appointments for this county were made by the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Evangelical church, which assembled in Lock Haven last week: Nittany Hall, Revs. J. A. Irvin and A. W. Swengel; Sugar Valley, Rev. J. G. M. Swengel; Centre Hall, Rev. G. Hunter; Milesburg, Rev. J. J. Lohr.

—The residence of Mr. Jonathan Harper was the scene of a pleasant surprise party last Thursday night. Notwithstanding the disagreeable weather about forty-five people were present. The head of the house happened to be absent in Philadelphia, consequently missed all the fun, which will cause him to look down in the mouth for a month to come.

IN NEW HANDS.

The Pennsylvania Company Formally Takes Possession of the Snow Shoe.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company formally took charge of the Bellefonte and Snow Shoe railroad Thursday at 12 o'clock, noon. About ten o'clock a special train of two cars (one being the latest improved sleeping and dining car for officers' accommodation) arrived in town, conveying Charles E. Pugh, general superintendent of the Pennsylvania railroad division; John Reilley, superintendent of transportation; Theo. N. Ely, superintendent of motive power; S. S. Blair, superintendent Tyrone division; D. D. Wood, train master, Tyrone division; Joseph Parks, foreman of engineers, Tyrone division; Charles E. Blair, of engineer department; Harry C. Brew, motive power clerk; Michael McCann, clerk of maintenance of way; E. E. Williams, special agent of the freight department, and P. Frank Hunter, special agent of the auditor of passenger receipts. Mr. Blair issued the following order on his arrival:

PENN'A RAILROAD, OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT TYRONE DIVISION, March 17, 1880.

Notice to all employees of B. & S. S. R. R.

At 12 o'clock, noon, to-day. (March 17th) the P. R. R. Company took charge of the B. & S. S. R. R., and will operate it as a part of the Tyrone division.

It is expected that you will continue in the discharge of your duties as heretofore, until further orders. You will receive instructions from the heads of the proper departments from time to time in regard to your duties, and will make reports thereto.

Respectfully,
S. S. BLAIR,
Sup't.

After inspecting the office and yard the special train took A. C. Eckly aboard as pilot to the engineer, and with assistant superintendent D. M. Butts and others of the Snow Shoe officials, headed for Snow Shoe. A brief stop was made at the round house to examine the building and repair shop adjacent.

Arrived in Snow Shoe the party proceeded to refresh the "inner man," dining in the hotel car attached to the train, after which the depot, shops and sidings were examined, the prominent members of the party meanwhile going on to the mines on a visit of inspection. At 2 o'clock, the observations having been completed, the party left Snow Shoe on the return trip to Tyrone, stopping a few moments on the way at Intersection.

Mr. Pugh expressed himself as highly pleased with the present condition of the road, which reflects credit on the administration of Superintendent Rhoads and his assistants.

The present capacity of the mines, with the employes now engaged, is about four hundred tons per day. They will hereafter be operated by Berwin, White & Co., of Philadelphia, who propose to mine and ship three hundred thousand tons a year. The Mr. White of this firm is the Hon. Allison White, who once represented Centre county in Congress. In returning from Snow Shoe we observed Mr. Parks and his clerks on a "special" taking an inventory of cars, tools, etc. Mr. Hunter occupied the spare moments of Conductors Nolan, of the regular train, in giving him instructions in the "Pennsy's" way of taking in the cash. It is not yet made public as to what disposition will be made of the Snow Shoe yard in this place, but it is rumored that the sale of Snow Shoe coal and coke will be placed in the hands of the lessees thereof.

Superintendent Rhoads was not present to take part in the transfer, nevertheless it will be a memorable day in the minds of all his subordinates, none of whom looked particularly cheerful. St. Patrick's day, of 1881, will not soon be forgotten by them. A. J. Cook has been nineteen years in the employ of the company; D. M. Butts and E. A. Nolan, about the same length of time, all of whom enjoy the confidence of their old employees, as well as that of the community at large. Curt. Stoneroad and "Pap" Klinger have also served long and faithfully with the company, and many others whom we would like to mention, but want of space forbids.

As will be seen by the order above, the present employees of the road are to be continued in their positions for the present, and no immediate change in the running of trains is anticipated.

—One would suppose from the appearance of things in this vicinity that the winter's snow had almost entirely disappeared. Way back in the woods, however, there is yet enough of the beautiful to last until next June. The lumbermen employed at Cook's mill, on Marsh creek, are obliged to wade through sixteen inches of snow, and in some places it is much deeper.

Notes on the Recent Consolidation.

The stock of the B. & S. S. Railroad Company consisted of 12,000 shares of $50 each, or $600,000.

Superintendent Blair made a second trip over the Snow Shoe road Friday. Guess he has formed a strong attachment for the "new child" already.

Tickets issued by the Pennsylvania railroad are now good on all Snow Shoe trains running between Bellefonte and Intersection.

It is said that the Pennsylvania Company anticipate greatly increasing the traveling facilities between this place and Snow Shoe the coming summer. "Lightning express trains," "limited mails" and such things are talked about.

The new management of the Snow Shoe, as elected by the Pennsylvania Company at the meeting in Philadelphia on Wednesday last, is as follows: President, J. N. DuBarry; Directors, George B. Roberts, Edmund Smith, Strickland Kneass and John P. Green.

All freight passing over the Snow Shoe line is now handled at the Pennsylvania office, in consequence of which the force of workmen at the freight house will probably be increased. Tickets for Snow Shoe must also be purchased at this office, which correspondingly increases the duties of ticket agent Potter.

With the sale of the Snow Shoe coal lands, in connection with the transfer of the railroad, two separate companies have been organized. One will be known as the Snow Shoe Coal Co., with a capital of $400,000. Their possessions include 5,000 acres of land, which takes in a park, the Snow Shoe hotel and some forty houses. The directors of the company are: Allison White, Charles F. Berwind, Wm. M. Stewart, Judge Mayer, B. K. Jamison, Edwin Berwind of New York, and Edmund Blanchard. The other company, the title of which is the Centre Co. Coal and Improvement Co., controls 40,000 acres of land, and has been organized with a capital of a million dollars. Of this company, it is understood that Hon. Allison White will be president and B. K. Jamison treasurer.

Some Sunday-School Facts.

In Northern Pennsylvania there are some Sunday-school facts of interest to all who rejoice in the extension of the Redeemer's kingdom.

1st. There are many and great benefits to be gained for the church of Christ by organizations which bring together Christian people of every name to work for Christ. The world needs to see that all God's people "are laborers together with God."—1 Cor., 3:9.

2d. By His apostle, God enjoins, "And above all things, have fervent charity among yourselves," 1 Pet., 4:8. Union Sunday-school meetings offer to the various religious denominations of a given county or district an opportunity to manifest this chief of Christian graces by encouraging each other in the one work of Bible study and teaching. All who attend such meetings in "the unity of the faith" testify to their value.

3d. There are ministers and their members of every religious denomination in Northern Pennsylvania who do, in various ways, work together for Sunday-school improvement and extension.

4th. Christian union effort, rightly directed, is never in conflict with the highest interests of the church. With few or no exceptions, those who are the most active in union effort are among the foremost in their own church work.

5th. In all the northern counties of our State more than one-third of those who might attend are yet to be gathered into the church and the Bible school on the Lord's day.

6th. It is certain that these thousands around us will remain unconverted as long as they are uninterested in "the truth as it is in Jesus." To bring these precious souls under the saving influence of "the Word of Life" is the chief object for which we labor. Surely these momentous interests loudly call for the prayerful, earnest and united efforts of all God's people.

7th. Encouraged most of all with God's manifest approving blessing, beloved brethren and workers in Christ, let us follow the Divine command and "go forward."

R. CRITTENDEN.

BELLEFONTE, March 18, 1881.

—Rowdyism and drunkenness prevailed on the streets Saturday night to an alarming extent. In traversing three squares we encountered no less than five individuals sprawled out on the sidewalks and in doorways sleeping the sleep of the drunken. One big, brawny chap, whose name we didn't learn, resisted the officer when an attempt was made to arrest him for disturbing the peace, and a lively scene ensued. He was finally reduced to a state of docility, however, and escorted to the castle.

Wickersham's Successor.

Gov. Hoyt sent to the Senate on Wednesday the name of Rev. Elnathan E. Higbee, of Mercersburg College, as the successor of Prof. Wickersham as Superintendent of Public Instruction. A brief sketch of the new superintendent, who is to look after the public schools of the State, will doubtless be of interest to our readers:

Rev. Elnathan E. Higbee was born in Burlington, Vermont, in 1830, and is consequently fifty years of age. He entered the University of Vermont when quite young, where he distinguished himself in a class of great ability, and was graduated with honor in 1849. In 1858 Dr. Higbee received a call from the first Reformed church of Tiffin, Ohio, and at the same time served as professor of languages at Heidleberg College, located at that place. In 1862 he took charge of Grace church, Pittsburgh, where his brilliant sermons attracked much attention. In 1864, while Dr. Schaff was on a visit to Europe, Dr. Higbee was appointed by the Board of Visitors professor of church history and exegesis, and so satisfactorily did he perform his duties that when Dr. Schaff resigned the chair in 1865 the synod at Lewisburg unanimously elected him to fill the chair permanently. In 1867 he resigned and took the presidency of the Mercersburg College, where he has since labored, except in 1878, when leave of absence was granted him to travel in Europe with the view of examining the libraries and studying the educational institutions of foreign lands. In person he is slightly above the middle height; his body is spare, his head unusually large and remarkably well furnished. His powers consist largely in enthusing others with any subject he talks about, and these qualifications, together with his experience as an educator, will give warmth and glow to our common school system, and at the same time promote the higher educational interests of the State.

An Unlucky Boy.

A little son of Elmer Way, residing two miles below Unionville, seems to have more than his share of trouble. About three years ago he fell from a fence and broke his right elbow. Last summer his right foot and ankle were terribly mutilated in a mowing machine. A few days ago, while at play in the barn with his brothers, he climbed out on a shed roof, slipped and fell, striking on a board pile. The eaves were sixteen feet from the ground. Dr. Russell was called to attend his injuries, which, fortunately, were not of a serious nature—a simple fracture of the right arm above the wrist and a compound fracture of both bones of the right leg just above the ankle. The doctor says the little fellow bore the operation of setting the bones like a Trojan.

—The following, which we clip from one of our exchanges, will be appreciated by all newspaper men: "On several occasions visitors at this office have made it a point to look over a compositor's shoulder and read the manuscript from which he is setting. This is about as cheeky as well as impolite a thing as a person can be guilty of, and we hope it will not occur again; if it does, somebody will be very apt to get a set back. When we want our manuscript read before publication we will pass it around."

—We were pleased to recognize among the railroad officials who visited this place Thursday the jovial countenance of Mr. Charles Blair, whom we had the pleasure of meeting at Media, two or three years since, where he was then attending the academy for young men, conducted by Mr. Swithin Shortlidge, brother of William Shortlidge, Esq., of this place. Mr. Blair is a very courteous young gentleman, and is at present fitting himself for the engineering profession.

—Conductor Ed. Nolan thinks he'll be "all right," even if he is deprived of his position of punching fares, and so he will be. If the new management of the Snow Shoe road, now a part of the Tyrone division, creates the business boom in Snow Shoe that it is expected it will, the Chincleclamouch is bound to grow rapidly in importance, and the first thing Ed. knows he'll be at the head of one of the most noted resorts in Pennsylvania. Mark this down.

—The presses, type and stock of the *Centre Democrat* office were removed last week into the Brown building, on the corner of Allegheny and Bishop streets, much more desirable and commodious quarters. Whether our contemporary will prosper as well at its new office remains to be seen, but one thing is certain—it will have less mud and water to contend with.

—Mr. John Furey, formerly of the Altoona *Sun*, is now installed in the Cleveland (O.) *Leader* office as proof reader.

Snow Shoe Rambles.

Your correspondent left Bellefonte on Thursday morning, March 10, en-route to Snow Shoe and vicinity, on business and pleasure bent. After a tedious journey up the Alleghenies, owing to the disagreeable state of the roads, I reached Snow Shoe about 8 o'clock in the evening, feeling, as the saying is, somewhat "plugged out." Shortly after arriving I was surprised to hear the inspiring strains of martial music, and learned that it was the Snow Shoe brass band. The members were indulging in a social hop, for their own benefit, in Mr. John Uzzle's hall, he having given them the use of it for the occasion. The band has been organized less than a year, but under the leadership of George Hazel is rapidly advancing. After spending the night with Mr. Uzzle, the popular landlord, I put on a clean collar and called on 'Squire Haines, who is well known as a great hunter and traveler, having made an extensive tour of the West India Islands and places of note. His office is cozy and well furnished. While there he showed me the antlers of a buck that his wife had felled with a rifle ball while on a hunt. The Squire says he wouldn't like to be a deer and cross her path when she is armed. I next called on Mr. William Stuart, who occupies a fine residence. He is quite a bird raiser, and took me on a visit to his bird house, which contains many choice varieties of the feathery tribe. We chatted pleasantly for an hour or so, and not caring to intrude longer upon his time, returned to the hotel, where I had the pleasure of meeting Mr. James Boyle, who fought three years in the late rebellion to protect the Union. He lives alone in a nice, snug house, and no widows need apply, as he has made up his mind never to marry. I arose the next morning after a good night's rest, hitched up and drove to Crider's mill, two miles distant. Mr. Crider was engaged in blasting ice that had lodged in the mouth of the shoot, preventing the passage of the logs. Mr. Crider was preparing to drive three million and a half feet of logs down Beech creek to Lock Haven parties. I spent some time here, making several new acquaintances, and returned again to the hotel, where I spent the remainder of the day and Sunday. Mr. Uzzle is a good entertainer, and makes his guests comfortable and at home. The interior of his house is furnished with the very best of furniture and carpets. At his bar will be found the best of imported liquors of all kinds. In short, John is a big-hearted, jovial man, which accounts for his popularity.

Monday morning I again jumped into my conveyance and visited Moshannon. Our townsman, Mr. Aust. McClain, is keeping a large store at this place. Messrs. McClain and Linton have erected a saw mill on Marsh creek, and are manufacturing lumber at a lively rate. After taking dinner with Mr. Tillutson Norton, of Marsh creek, who, by the way, set out a feast fit for a king, I drove on to Karthouse, and once more tied up for the night. Here the lumbermen were busily engaged in rafting in. About 200 rafts were stationed at this point awaiting high water. Left Karthouse Tuesday morning and drove to Mr. George Weaver's, two miles east of Snow Shoe. Mr. W. is burning charcoal for Valentines & Co. He has several kilns in blast, and has about 1,000 cords to burn. He understands his business.

The following morning, having completed about all my business, I took leave of my host and hostess, and headed my trusty steed for home. The traveling between Snow Shoe and Intersection was the roughest I have ever been compelled to put up with, and was obliged to travel at a snail's pace, consequently the cheerful sight of Bellefonte did not loom up before me until a late hour on Wednesday night. Notwithstanding the trip was enjoyable, I shall wait for a more favorable season before repeating it.

TRAVELER.

Killed by Rolling Timber.

Our correspondent from Three Runs, Clearfield county, sends us the following account of a fatal accident which occurred near that place on Tuesday of last week:

About eight miles from this place, in West Keating township, Clinton county, on Tuesday, March 15th, Wm. Gaines was killed instantly while engaged in rolling timber into the river. When the timber started to roll it threw him down, passing over him and breaking his neck. His body was badly bruised and crushed by the heavy timbers. It required some time for the men who were present to extricate him. Deceased was 52 years of age, and is well known in parts of Clinton, Centre and Clearfield counties.

—It was a glass bomb filled with dynamite that killed the Emperor of Russia. Ten or fifteen Bellefonters were doubled up on Saturday night by glass bombs filled with Jersey lightning.

Death of John A. Hibler.

It is with extreme sorrow that we are called upon to chronicle the death of one of Bellefonte's brightest and most promising young men—that of John A. Hibler, youngest son of Dr. Augustus Hibler, whose life expired about 10 o'clock Sunday night after a lingering and painful illness. Although his death had been almost hourly expected for some days, yet its announcement fell with shocking sadness. Mr. Hibler was one of our most exemplary Christians, and his moral examples and precepts will be a shining star in the memories of those who knew him long after his mortal body shall have returned to the dust from whence it came.

The physicians were unable to reach a correct diagnosis of his disease, but the general opinion seems to be that it was consumption. He was in his 24th year. Funeral obsequies took place Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence of Mr. Burchfield, on Allegheny street.

Car Works Splinters.

The frame work for the addition to the blacksmith shop at the works is in position and ready for covering.

The work of repairing the shop being about completed, a part of the gang of workmen employed for that purpose have been suspended until the arrival of the new machinery and lumber with which to begin operations.

The water in the dam has been drawn off several days for the purpose of rebuilding a portion of that structure.

The management has introduced the pass system in regard to visitors. No one not in possession of a pass from the superintendent will be allowed to make a tour of the premises.

Things begin to wear a tidy appearance inside the works. Outside, however, there are several car loads of rubbish, the removal of which would greatly improve the appearance of the yard.

Indispensable to All.

No one, lawyer, clergyman, physician, banker, farmer or mechanic, should be without the American Cyclopedia. The legal articles contained in this work, taken collectively, present a complete digest of legal knowledge, giving in a condensed and convenient form all the learning scattered through thousands of voluminous treatises, which will be found of unquestionable value to men of every life. Mr. D. W. Proctor, the agent for the work, is now in Bellefonte canvassing and receiving orders, and no one should allow this excellent opportunity for subscribing to slip by. Those possessing the old work will be allowed a liberal discount in exchanging for the new. Mr. Proctor occupies rooms at the Brockerhoff House, where the work may be examined.

MARRIED.

HALL—AMMERMAN—At Milesburg, March 8, 1881, by J. M. Green, J. P., Marks Hall and Hannah Ammerman, both of Union twp.

BLAIR—SHOPE—At the Lutheran parsonage in Bellefonte, March 10, 1881, by Rev. S. E. Furst, John R. Blair and Miss Mary M. Shope, both of Bellefonte.

GLOSSNER—SAYERS—February 27, 1881, in Clintondale, by Rev. J. A. Irvine, Mr. Reuben Glossner, of Marsh Creek, and Miss Mary E. Sayers, of Jacksonville.

HOLMES—SLUTERBECK—At the Evangelical parsonage in Clintondale, March 15, 1881, by Rev. J. A. Irvine, Richard H. Holmes, of Nittany Hall, and Miss Amanda C. Sluterbeck, of Washington, Clinton county.

SNYDER—FRAVEL—March 20, 1881, at residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. W. A. Ridge, Mr. Henry C. Snyder and Miss Tibbie Fravel, all of Liberty township.

DIED.

CAMPBELL—At Belleville, Mifflin county, Pa., Thursday, March 17, 1881, Mrs. Ellen Campbell, wife of Robert Campbell, aged 62 years.

SUMMY—At Shiloh, College township, March 8, 1881, of scarlet fever, John McBride, son of Daniel and Caroline Summy, aged 7 years.

MEASE—At Shiloh, March 12, 1881, of scarlet fever, Martin Wesley, son of Harvey and Sarah Mease, aged 7 years.

CANAN—At Port Matilda, March 13, 1881, Mr. James Canan, aged 75 years, 9 months and 11 days.

Mr. Canan was a true man in all the relations of life, highly respected and esteemed by all who knew him. His moral character, from his youth, was always such as to be admired. His influence upon all around was salutary. He was for almost twenty years a faithful member of the Presbyterian Church. He died in the triumphs of a strong christian faith. A happy family circle has been broken; yet it relieves the pain of parting to anticipate a re-union in the Father's house above.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, March 22, 1881.

Wheat, No. 1	$1 00
" " 2	90
" " 3	80
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob, new	45
Corn, shelled, old	45
Oats new	35
Cloverseed	3 50@4 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	5 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$16 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$7 40
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	4
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	
Hams, sugar cured	16
Bacon	7
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel	50
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	16
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	